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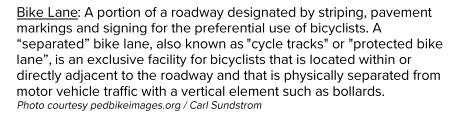
Appendix 1: Priority Project Inventory

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

<u>Bicycle Facility:</u> A general term for any infrastructure specifically designed and/or designated to accommodate bicycles; the physical surface on which the cyclists ride. These may include, but are not limited to:



<u>Bike Boulevard</u>: Streets with low motorized traffic volumes and speeds, designated and designed to give bicycle travel priority. Bicycle Boulevards use signs, pavement markings, and speed and volume management measures to discourage through trips by motor vehicles and create safe, convenient bicycle crossings of busy arterial streets. *Photo courtesy Andersem at English Wikipedia, CCO, via Wikimedia Commons*





<u>Multi-use Path</u>: An off-road facility designed to accommodate pedestrians, cyclists, and/or other non-vehicular travel modes (such as in-line skates, horseback riders, or snowmobiles). These may be located within the highway right-of-way or an independent right-of-way. Multi-use Paths are always physically separated from motor vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier.

<u>Shared Lane</u>: A travel lane of a street or road that is open to both vehicle and bicycle travel. These are sometimes supported by pavement markings, often referred to as "sharrows". Unless specifically prohibited, bicycles are legally allowed to ride in the travel lane on all roadways in New York State.

Photo courtesy pedbikeimages.org / Dan Gutierrez

<u>Shoulder</u>: The portion of the roadway adjacent to the travel lane that accommodates stopped/parked vehicles and emergency use. Standards have been issued for shoulders designed to accommodate bicycle use. These are sometimes demarcated with pavement markings to encourage use by bicycles; however, unlike bike lanes, vehicles may pull over or park on a shoulder (unless specifically noted). *Photo courtesy ANCA via bikethebyways.org*

<u>Bicycle Route</u>: A roadway that has been specifically designated by the jurisdictional authority with directional and/or informational signage or pavement markings. It should not be implied that roadways <u>not</u> designated as bike routes cannot or should not be used by cyclists.

<u>Bike Trail/Bikeway</u>: A named alignment of bicycle infrastructure; may include on-road and/or off-road bicycle facilities. Unlike a Bicycle Route, Bike Trails/Bikeways usually incorporate one or more roadways and/or sections of Multi-use Path.

INTRODUCTION/GOALS

Project background

In recognition of the ongoing need to support and promote cycling, the Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council (A/GFTC) has prepared this Regional Bicycle Plan. The goal of this plan is to support and encourage policies and projects that increase bicycling activity in the region. This includes both the frequency that residents choose a bicycle over other modes of transportation and expanding the regional network of bicycle infrastructure.

Cycling brings many benefits to our local communities, including:

- Increased mobility: Access to an affordable method of transportation expands the range of opportunities for those without access to a vehicle some or all of the time.
- Economic development and tourism: Studies conducted along the Erie Canal Trail corridor indicate that bicycle tourism represents a significant economic driver for communities located along the trail¹. With the recent development of the Empire State Trail, which passes through the A/GFTC region, the economic benefits of bicycle tourism in the area is likely to increase.
- Improved health outcomes: Like any form of physical exercise, cycling offers a range of health benefits, whether undertaken for recreation or transportation purposes. A recent study in the British Medical Journal indicated that cycling to work was associated with a 41% lower risk of death from all causes than people who drove or took public transportation.²
- Decreased greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions:
 As part of a comprehensive strategy to reduce GHG emissions, increasing the number of trips taken by bicycle and/or walking offers measurable benefits.

Bicyclists Bring Business

For the last fifteen years, Parks & Trails New York (PTNY) and the New York State Canal Corporation have hosted "Bicyclists Bring Business" roundtables in communities across the state. These events help local businesspeople seize the economic opportunities which cycling tourism creates.

The City of Glens Falls has hosted this event twice, once in 2009 and most recently in September 2019. A summary report of the two-day event, including recommendations for further improvements, is available at the PTNY website:

https://www.ptny.org/events/bicyclists-bring-business

¹ https://ptnyenews.files.wordpress.com/2014/07/economic_impact_of_the_erie_canalway_trail_full_document.pdf

² https://www.bmj.com/content/357/bmj.j1456,

In recognition of the importance of bicycling, many communities in the A/GFTC region have stepped up efforts to support the planning and construction of bike facilities. These initiatives include adopting Complete Streets policies, hosting Complete Street Workshops, planning and building new bicycle/pedestrian trails, designating local roadways as bike routes, and installing bicycle lanes.

To build on and further support these initiatives, A/GFTC has prepared this Regional Bicycle Plan to guide future improvements on a regional basis and to foster a more comprehensive network of bicycle and pedestrian facilities in Warren, Washington, and northern Saratoga Counties.

This plan has been created with the guidance of a subcommittee comprised of local planners, engineers, and cycling advocates, bringing a diverse range of expertise and perspective to the resulting plan. This process is intended to strengthen ties so that partnerships can continue in the future implementation of the priority projects.

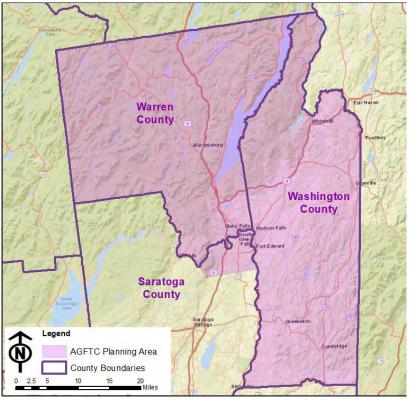


Figure 1 - A/GFTC Planning Area

Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong

Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

The MPO Role

As a Metropolitan Planning Organization, A/GFTC cannot directly undertake capital improvements on roads or trails. This plan will provide a framework under which local project sponsors and advocates can implement individual policies and projects that will improve cycling conditions not only within individual communities, but the greater A/GFTC region.

Objectives

There are many local communities and advocacy organizations working to improve conditions for cycling in the region. Although an MPO cannot undertake capital improvements, as a regional agency, A/GFTC is uniquely suited to bring together the individual efforts of our partners at the local, county, and state levels.

To this end, the following objectives were established for the Regional Bicycle Plan:

- i) <u>Establish priorities for future bicycle improvements,</u> including general planning principles and a Bicycle Priority Network, to foster the ability of cyclists to travel throughout and between each community in the A/GFTC region
- ii) <u>Provide relevant guidance and data</u> to support the improvement and expansion of the regional bicycle network by local project sponsors and bicycle advocates
- iii) <u>Document and inventory bicycle improvement projects</u> and provide a regional framework for local project sponsors to pursue funding and implementation

The objectives and priorities set by this plan will have direct application within the A/GFTC Transportation Improvement Program, which sets forth capital project priorities, and Unified Planning Work Program, which outlines the planning projects undertaken by the MPO. For our project partners at the local, county, and State-wide level, this plan serves as an advisory document. It should also be noted that recommendations for additional planning efforts or capital projects in no way obligates A/GFTC or our partner agencies to action, nor does this plan obligate any planning or capital funds.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The first step in any transportation planning process is to undertake an inventory of existing conditions. This includes both physical features, such as bike lanes and multi-use paths, as well as intangible elements such as policy, advocacy, and promotion for cycling activities. Safety trends also play an important role. A thorough understanding of these conditions will provide a realistic foundation to guide future efforts to improve cycling conditions in the A/GFTC region.

Policy

The A/GFTC region is made up of forty local municipalities spread among three counties. As such, cycling priorities vary widely from community to community. Some municipalities take a very active role in the promoting cycling activity, while others may provide more passive support. The economic development, tourism, and planning departments in both Warren and Washington counties are active in promoting biking opportunities and events. In Warren County, the Board of Supervisors also designated a bicycle advocacy group, the Adirondack Cycling Advocates (formerly Warren County Safe & Quality Bicycling Organization) that administers various events and efforts throughout the county. In addition, many of the local municipalities support cycling efforts through their planning and/or recreation departments. Community groups, such as chambers of commerce, also play an active role in the promotion of bike activities.

Complete Street programs and policies are one way that communities have worked to support cycling activity in the region. In 2011, New York State adopted the Complete Streets Act, which legislated the consideration of Complete Streets features for a broad array of transportation projects, including local projects that receive State and Federal funding. In addition, there has been a groundswell of grassroots efforts in the region to promulgate Complete Streets policies and procedures. Many local communities in the A/GFTC area have adopted Complete Streets policies, undertaken demonstration projects, or hosted Complete Streets training sessions.

Advocacy and Promotion

In addition to municipal efforts to support cycling, there are several advocacy organizations that promote cycling activities and/or trail improvements in the region. These include:

Adirondack Cycling Advocates

(https://www.bikewarrenco.org/) -- As stated above, the Adirondack Cycling Advocates (ACA) is a not-for-profit organization that promotes safe and quality bicycling in Warren County through active promotional events such as the annual Harry Elkes ride, educational campaigns, advocacy efforts for infrastructure improvements, and direct support for mountain bike and single-track trails.

Feeder Canal Alliance (http://feedercanal.org/) -- The Feeder Canal Alliance (FCA) is a not-for-profit

COMPLETE STREETS

A Complete Street is a roadway which accommodates safe, convenient access and mobility of all roadway users of all ages and abilities. This includes pedestrians, bicyclists, public transportation riders, and motorists; it includes children, the elderly, and persons with disabilities.

Municipalities with Complete Streets Policies

- City of Glens Falls
- Town of Warrensburg
- Village of Lake George
- Village & Town of Fort Edward
- Town of Lake Luzerne
- Town of Queensbury
- Village of Hudson Falls
- Town of Greenwich
- Town of Kingsbury
- Town of Johnsburg

organization created to preserve, promote and maintain the historic Feeder Canal, the last remaining original canal in New York State. Although cycling is not the main focus of this group, the FCA maintains the Feeder Canal Trail, a crucial east-west multi-use path that spans the communities of Queensbury, Glens Falls, Hudson Falls, and Kingsbury.

Cambridge Valley Cycling (http://www.cambridgevalleycycling.org/) – Though it does not act as an advocacy organization, this recreational cycling club is affiliated with the League of American Bicyclists and has over 100 members. CVC hosts many group rides and maintains cuesheets for club rides throughout northern Rensselaer and southern Washington counties, as well as Vermont.

Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group (http://champlaincanalwaytrail.org/) -- The Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group (CCTWG) is a volunteer, ad hoc partnership that includes local and regional canal and trail groups, public agencies, and park and preservation organizations in

Saratoga, Rensselaer, and Washington counties. Champlain Canalway Working Group's focus since its inception has been the planning and implementation of the Champlain Canalway Trail, which is part of the Empire State Trail system. This includes the related Fort Ann - Whitehall working group. As the trail segments are moving to completion the group mission continues with the promotion, programming, and stewardship of the trail.

Slate Valley Rail Trail Working Group -- In 2016 an ad hoc working group was brought together to begin working towards creating and connecting the Slate Valley Rail Trail in Granville and Salem. The development of the proposed 22 mile multi-use recreational trail offers an opportunity to bring economic benefit and recreational opportunities to the region, with connections to Vermont and trails beyond in New Hampshire and Maine.

Public Transit

Greater Glens Falls Transit (GGFT) is the primary provider of public transportation within the A/GFTC region. For over a decade, all GGFT buses have been equipped with bike racks. These

racks are used daily and year-round, emphasizing the dedicated use among the GGFT ridership. Bicycles can be used to expand the reach of transit services, by providing "first- and last-mile" transportation, or by allowing riders to travel by bicycle from their destination stop. GGFT is also working to study the feasibility of bikeshare services, which would further complement the transit network.

Off-Road Trails

Often viewed as recreational amenities, offroad trails can nevertheless fulfill critical transportation functions. By separating bicycles from vehicles, off-road facilities provide a more comfortable riding experience for cyclists who may be uncomfortable navigating traffic.

The A/GFTC region is home to an expansive and expanding network of off-road trails. Since 2014, the length of off-road trails has almost doubled, from 17 to just under 34 miles, and several planned trail projects may increase this total in the next few years. A brief description of these facilities is included below. See the associated online map for more information.

What about Mountain Bike Trails?

As an MPO, A/GFTC is primarily focused on facilities which provide some transportation function. Mountain bike or single-track trails are used exclusively for recreation, and therefore are not addressed by this plan. When determining what function an off-road trail provides, the following factors are considered:

Connectivity – Does the trail provide a connection between destinations, or is it a self-enclosed loop?

Design/Terrain – Has the trail been designed and constructed to meet relevant standards for width, surface type, and accessibility? Can the trail be traversed by cyclists at every skill level, using a wide variety of bicycle types?

Access – Can the trail itself be accessed by bicycle (as opposed to driving to a trailhead for the express purposes of using the trail)?

Table 1: Off-Road Trails						
Name	Location	Surface	Jurisdiction	Length* (Miles)		
Betar Byway	South Glens Falls	Asphalt, Stone Dust	Vill. Of South Glens Falls	1.90		
Empire State Trail/Champlain Canalway Trail	Washington County	Asphalt, Stone Dust	Varies by location	58.70		
Feeder Canal Trail	Fort Edward, Queensbury, Glens Falls,	Stone Dust	Feeder Canal Alliance	7.30		
Halfway Brook Trail	Queensbury	Gravel	Town of Queensbury	1.20		
Rush Pond Trail	Queensbury	Gravel	Town of Queensbury	2.60		
Slate Valley Rail Trail	Granville	Gravel, Natural Surface	Town, Vill. of Granville	4.80		
Warren County Bikeway	Glens Falls, Queensbury, Lake George	Asphalt	Warren County	10.18		
* Indicates total length of trail within A/GFTC region, including on-road trail segments						

Bike Routes and On-Road Bicycle Facilities

Legally, cyclists in New York State may use the vehicle travel lanes of public roadways, except in cases where bicycles are specifically prohibited (such as on Interstates). Some communities elect to designate certain roads as official bike routes. It is important to point out that not all designated bike routes have dedicated bicycle infrastructure. Rather, by designating a bike route, a municipality is encouraging cyclists to use these specific roads. This usually is accomplished through a municipal resolution followed by the installation of signage and/or pavement markers to indicate the status of the roadway as a bike route. There are a number of reasons a municipality might designate bike routes, including:

- To direct cyclists to roadways that are particularly amenable to bicycle travel (for example, roadways with wide shoulders, low vehicle traffic, etc.)
- To provide an alternative travel route for roadways that are not conducive to use by cyclists
- To highlight roadways that provide a good cycling experience (for example, those that include scenic views, challenging hills, or other features)
- To provide on-road links between sections of off-road trails

There are currently about 100 miles of on-road bicycle routes, located on State highways and local roads throughout the area. These include US Route 9 in Saratoga County, NY Route 197 in the Town of Moreau, US Route 4 and NYS 22 (both are elements of NYS Bicycle Route 9), as well as local roads in the Towns of Queensbury, Bolton, Lake Luzerne, and the City of Glens Falls. It is anticipated that this network of on-road bicycle routes will continue to grow as local communities adopt bike-friendly policies.

In addition, some local cycling organizations maintain recommended riding routes. These touring routes are not supported by on-road signage; wayfinding is provided to individual riders through GPS, printed maps, or cuesheets. For the most part, these routes are selected with recreation or physical fitness in mind and may or may not support transportation connectivity between communities.

Other On-Road Bicycle Facilities

In addition to designated bike routes, on-road bicycle facilities are becoming more common. These can range from infrastructure that allots roadway space to only to cyclists and prohibits vehicles, such as bike lanes, or shared-lane pavement markings (also known as "sharrows") that indicate that the lane is intended for use by bicycles and vehicles alike. These facilities might be located on bike routes, but it is not necessary to designate an official bicycle route to include bicycle facilities on the road. In the A/GFTC region, bike lanes have been installed on Hudson Avenue in the City of Glens Falls, and shared-lane markings can be found on Broad Street.

In rural areas, road shoulders may also have pavement markings denoting bicycle use; in some cases, these are referred to as bike shoulders. These shoulders are slightly different from bike lanes in that vehicles are not expressly prohibited, as the shoulders may still be used by vehicles to pull off the road for emergencies. Bike shoulders are also usually located along roadways without curbs. A portion of Bay Road in the Town of Queensbury features bicycle shoulders, as well as many of the on-road segments of the Empire State Trail.

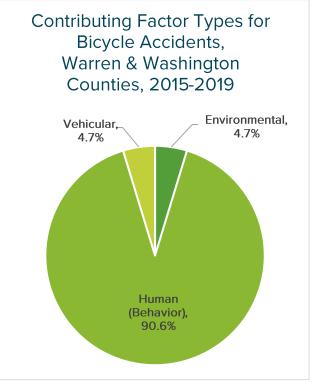
Although it is not legally necessary to provide bike lanes or shoulders as bicycles are allowed to "take the lane", many riders feel more comfortable having the additional protection from traffic. In urban areas with high volumes of bicycle traffic, separating the cyclists from the vehicles using bike lanes can also support orderly traffic flow. In suburban and rural areas where roads have higher posted speeds, shoulders allow people to ride a comfortable distance from the travel lane.

Safety Trends

In terms of transportation safety, the factors which contribute to crashes fall into several broad categories. For example, vehicular contributing factors include mechanical issues with the car or bicycle, while environmental factors might include slippery pavement or glare. Animal behavior, such as deer running into the road, contributes to many vehicle crashes as well. But according to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration³ (NHSTA), on a national level, human behavioral factors such as speed, alcohol, distraction, and poor compliance with traffic laws are major contributing causes to bicycle crashes.

These national trends hold true for the A/GFTC region as well. Figure 2 illustrates the contributing factors for bicycle crashes in Warren and Washington counties for 2015-

Figure 2 -- Bicycle Crash Safety Trends



2019, as reported by the Institute for Traffic Safety Management and Research (ITSMR). (The Town of Moreau and Village of South Glens Falls, located in Saratoga County, are not included as the data is available on a county-wide basis.) This indicates that human behavior, whether on the part of the driver or cyclist, is the largest contributor to bicycle accidents by an overwhelming margin.

REGIONAL PRIORITIES

As stated previously, a primary objective of this plan is to establish priorities for bicycle improvements in the A/GFTC region. These priorities can be used to inform the decisions of the Planning and Policy Committees, as well as provide guidance to local municipalities, Departments of Public Works, and NYS Department of Transportation for capital planning and policymaking.

The priorities for bicycle improvements include four categories: Safety and Comfort, Guiding Principles, the Priority Bicycle Network, and the Priority Project Inventory. These capture concepts at a range of scales, from broad policy recommendations to specific infrastructure projects. This approach is also intended to allow for frequent updates as ongoing planning efforts lead to design and construction.

³ https://www.nhtsa.gov/sites/nhtsa.dot.gov/files/documents/14046-pedestrian_bicyclist_safety_resources_030519_v2_tag.pdf

Safety and Comfort

This document is intended to guide and foster the expansion of bicycle infrastructure throughout the region. As such, safety is an overarching priority inherent in every level of decision-making from policy to planning, design, and construction. A/GFTC's primary focus regarding safety is evaluation/planning and engineering; the MPO takes an active role in planning and funding projects which improve the infrastructure on which cyclists ride. In addition, AGFTC can also assist municipalities, traffic safety boards, and partner agencies with data analysis, education resources, and technical assistance.

In terms of bicycle safety, the most critical engineering consideration is minimizing the potential for conflicts with higher-speed vehicles. The risks for crashes and fatalities rises for vulnerable roadway users such as cyclists and pedestrians once vehicle speeds rise above 25 mph. This is not to suggest that complete separation of bicycles and vehicles is always warranted or even desired; in certain circumstances, low-speed, low-volume roadways, such as bike boulevards or quiet neighborhood streets, are relatively safe and comfortable for cyclists and drivers

LOW-STRESS NETWORKS

By design, a Low-Stress Bicycle Network is safe and comfortable for all users. These networks emphasize the **quality** of the bikeway, not just the **presence** of a bikeway, often relying on separating bicyclists from traffic via separated bike lanes and shared use paths. Low-speed/low-volume streets or bicycle boulevards also have a role if safe crossings of busy roads are provided. By serving a broad audience of existing and potential bicyclists, Low-Stress Networks maximize system use by serving high percentages of shorter distance transportation and utilitarian trips for all types of cyclists.

alike. However, as vehicle speed and traffic volume increase, dedicated facilities such as bike lanes or shared-use paths reduce the potential for crashes by limiting conflict points between cyclists and vehicles.

However, bicycle safety is not merely about designing infrastructure to the minimum standard. The perception of safety is a crucial factor. Simply put, many people would rather avoid cycling altogether than have a stressful experience while biking. The perception that a roadway or bicycle facility is unsafe is a key factor in determining whether a cycling experience is stressful. In essence, it may not matter whether a road or bike facility meets the minimum standards for safety if the riding experience still exposes cyclists to stressful interactions with vehicle traffic. According to FHWA, exposure to high motor vehicle traffic speeds and volumes is the primary contributor of stress.

The FHWA *Bikeway Selection Guide* estimates that 51-56% of people in the US are "Interested but Concerned" when it comes to cycling. This group has "the lowest tolerance for traffic stress. Those who fit into this group tend to avoid bicycling except where they have access to networks of separated bikeways or very low-volume streets with safe roadway crossings." The document

⁴ Schultheiss, Bill, et al. *Bikeway Selection Guide*. February 2019. Federal Highway Administration.

also estimates that only 9-16% of people are "Somewhat" or "Highly" Confident, i.e. cyclists willing to ride in bike lanes, on shoulders, or with traffic. (The remaining portion of the population is not interested in/not able to ride bicycles under any circumstances.)

A/GFTC therefore reasserts the FHWA recommendation that bicycle facilities be designed to accommodate the "Interested but Concerned" category of user whenever possible. This will increase the number of people on bicycles, itself a laudable goal. In turn, increasing the number of cyclists increases safety. Decades of research indicate that bicyclist risk decreases as the number of bicyclists increases. By increasing both comfort and safety, more people get on their bicycles, creating a feedback loop which further decreases risk.

Guiding Principles

The following Guiding Principles are intended to influence the policies and planning efforts enacted by A/GFTC. This can include project selection criteria for the Transportation Improvement Program, planning efforts undertaken through the Unified Planning Work Program, and collaborations with local and regional project partners.

- Prioritize safe and comfortable bicycle access between neighborhoods and schools, government buildings, retail clusters, and employment centers. As a transportation agency, A/GFTC is primarily concerned with enabling the mobility of the region's residents, employees, and visitors. Any opportunity to improve bicycle access between the land uses listed above, whether on- or off-road, will further enable people to access the necessities of daily life without relying solely on vehicles.
- 2. Expand connections to the existing trail system. Without links to the larger regional network, the benefit of an individual trail is limited to the immediate area. The rapid expansion of the Empire State Trail/Champlain Canalway Trail, which also links to the Feeder Canal Trail and the Warren County Bikeway, has created new opportunities to connect nearby community centers to the regional trail network. In addition, significant progress has been made to expand the Slate Valley Rail Trail in eastern Washington County, and there have been numerous planning studies to connect Moreau Lake State Park to the Betar Byway in northern Saratoga County. Fostering additional connections to this network will expand the benefits to more parts of the region.
- 3. Continue to prioritize the maintenance/expansion of bicycle/pedestrian facilities in pavement preservation project selection parameters. Pavement preservation/maintenance projects usually replace existing facilities in kind. This leaves little or no opportunity to create wider shoulders or road striping that benefits cyclists. However, many roads in the A/GFTC area are already suitable for bicycle use. Given the choice between two equal candidates for preservation funding, one that accommodates bicycles adequately and one that does not, it is logical to give priority to the project that will benefit more than one mode.
- 4. <u>Support incremental capital improvements</u>, <u>especially on the Priority Bicycle Network</u>. All too often, opportunities to make small, but meaningful, improvements can be overshadowed by big-ticket projects and "all-or-nothing" approach to bicycle projects. The long-term goal

should be to provide comfortable, interconnected bicycle facilities throughout the region. However, it is also important to take advantage of opportunities to improve conditions in the short term, taking into consideration factors such as logical termini and engineering judgement. In rural areas, consider adding a foot or two of width to a narrow shoulder whenever possible; in suburban and urban areas, if bike lanes are not feasible for an entire roadway corridor, consider installing bike lanes for a few blocks to link important destinations. These small changes can make a significant difference in the comfort level of a cyclist and tip the balance towards a trip taken on the bike versus in the car.

Priority Projects

Although this plan has a regional perspective, multi-jurisdictional projects such as the Empire State Trail initiative are rare, leaving the majority of improvements to occur in an incremental basis within individual communities. This can result in a fragmented approach to implementation. In addition, bicycle improvements are often included in a wide variety of plans administered by different funding agencies, further splintering efforts to collaborate across municipal and regulatory boundaries.

A/GFTC has therefore created a Priority Project inventory. This is composed of the online mapping interface at https://agftc.org/bicycle-pedestrian/ as well as the project summaries contained in Appendix 1. To create this inventory, A/GFTC reviewed recent planning efforts in and around the region, focusing on efforts that originated from robust public planning processes. In addition, projects were proposed for inclusion by the report subcommittee and the A/GFTC Planning Committee. Any specific improvements that target bicycles were extracted from these sources and summarized for inclusion in this report.

The map and associated Project Summaries provide a region-wide inventory of proposed improvements. Though this information is primarily intended for use by the A/GFTC Planning and Policy Committees, it is also intended to foster inter-municipal coordination and provide transparency for residents and advocacy groups. In addition, the Project Summaries can act as supporting information for grant applications to agencies outside of the A/GFTC purview.

This Priority Project inventory will be updated on an ongoing basis. Although the intent is not to provide up-to-the-minute project tracking, it is anticipated that the summaries and map will be updated to reflect major status changes to accommodate implementation in the future. In addition, new projects will be added as needed.

Priority Bicycle Network

The Priority Bicycle Network represents the ideal system of on-and off-road trails to support bicycle mobility on a regional basis. The Priority Bicycle Network, which can be accessed at https://agftc.org/bicycle-pedestrian/, is based on routes identified in the 2014 A/GFTC Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan, formulated from the input of local communities, regional cycling advocates, and A/GFTC staff priorities.

It is not realistic to assume that every roadway will be the focus of bicycle improvement projects, given competing priorities for other transportation modes. As such, the Priority Bicycle Network identifies which roadways represent the highest priority for designation as bike routes and/or capital improvements.

This network strikes a balance between the need for transportation alternatives within and between community centers and support for a positive cycling experience. By prioritizing these roadways, A/GFTC intends to provide a framework for future improvements that will result in a more expansive and comprehensive network of bicycle and pedestrian facilities in the A/GFTC region.

To assist our municipal partners in planning for capital improvements, the Priority Bicycle Network online map contains a variety of data that can guide the selection and design of bicycle facilities. This includes the number of travel lanes, shoulder width, posted speed limit, on-street parking, and range of traffic volume. Existing dedicated bicycle features are also noted, as well as bicycle route or onroad trail designation. The Implementation section of this report contains guidance for the selection and design of bicycle features.

Transportation vs. Recreation: The Balancing Act

As stated previously, the main focus of this plan is transportation. However, it would be short-sighted to ignore the fact that many of the cyclists on the roads are there for recreation purposes. Cycling is a great form of exercise and the A/GFTC region is filled with scenic roadways that provide high-quality cycling experiences.

As such, this is another factor which must be considered by roadway owners when deciding where to build bicycle facilities. A/GFTC prioritizes meaningful transportation connections between home and work, school, services, and other essential uses. However, local municipalities should also consider the roads which are favored by cyclists for recreation. Although dedicated bicycle facilities may be warranted in some locations, low-volume local roads and streets may not need additional improvements aside from routine pavement maintenance. Municipalities can work with regional advocacy organizations to identify ways to support recreational cyclists, such as adding signage to alert drivers to the increased presence of cyclists. Promotional support can be provided for events such as group rides as well.

IMPLEMENTATION

At the MPO level, implementation of this plan will arise out of adherence to the Guiding Principles and, as appropriate, planning or capital support for Priority Projects or improvements to the Priority Bicycle Network. However, as stated previously, A/GFTC does not have regulatory authority over local policy or capital planning. Therefore, the implementation of this plan will largely rely on local municipalities, counties, and state agencies such as NYSDOT and the Canal Corporation.

The improvements outlined in this plan are extensive and will take a significant and focused effort to accomplish. In addition, implementation will be at the hands of many different agencies. For on-road facilities, the implementation lead is likely to be the roadway owner. For off-road facilities, a wider variety of lead agencies is possible, such as local municipalities or recreation and open space groups. Any projects that involve acquisition of easements or rights-of-way will also involve the landowners as a key stakeholder.

In addition, local not-for-profit organizations and ad-hoc working groups, such as the Feeder Canal Alliance, Adirondack Cycling Advocates, and Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group, may be able to assist with ongoing planning, implementation, maintenance, community education, and/or fundraising efforts. Collaborations between municipalities and community groups is encouraged.

The following sections contain guidance and recommendations for municipalities or community groups seeking to improve bicycle conditions at the local and regional level.

Policy Recommendations

Complete Streets

As stated in the Existing Conditions portion of this plan, several communities within the A/GFTC area have adopted Complete Streets resolutions or legislation. A/GFTC supports this effort and encourages all communities, especially those with extensive roadway and sidewalk infrastructure, to adopt a Complete Street Policy.

However, merely adopting a resolution does not improve conditions for cyclists. It is crucial that Complete Streets policy be applied to land use decisions (such as site plan review and subdivisions) and capital planning.

The Complete Streets Act (Chapter 398, Laws of New York) of August 15, 2011, requires state, county and local agencies to consider the convenience and mobility of all users when developing transportation projects that receive state and federal funding. However, this legislation applies to planning, design, construction, reconstruction, and rehabilitation projects; resurfacing, maintenance, or pavement recycling projects are exempt from the law. In addition, the law only requires that Complete Street elements be *considered* during project development; the law does not guarantee that design elements will be included in the finished project. Although NYS is currently considering ways to close this loophole, local municipalities can still take the initiative to plan for Complete Streets elements even within resurfacing, maintenance, and pavement recycling projects.

One common barrier to the implementation of Complete Streets policies is embedded in the institutional capital planning procedure. Historically, municipalities did not consider the need for bicycle improvements when selecting which roads to resurface. For very large communities with extensive infrastructure, a formal Complete Streets audit, followed by an implementation plan, is sometimes necessary to adapt capital planning procedures. However, in smaller communities, the process may be as simple as applying a quick checklist, consulting the A/GFTC Priority Bicycle Network map, and making minor changes to the restriping plans. A/GFTC can also assist municipalities to find easy, cost-effective ways to integrate Complete Streets into existing capital planning procedures. As stated previously, small-scale, incremental changes can result in extensive benefits in the long term.

Maintenance/Spot Improvements

There are many opportunities to pursue small-scale improvements that also improve the biking experience in the A/GFTC region. These "spot" improvements address issues that may not require significant funding to complete. Several examples are included below.

Drainage grate pattern

The direction of the grating pattern on storm drains is an often-overlooked detail. Grate openings that run parallel to the travel direction can cause havoc for thin bicycle tires. Ideally, grates should feature a "bike-friendly" pattern. If this is not feasible, the grate should be situated so that the pattern runs perpendicular to the travel direction.

Individual hazards

Potholes, cracks, and sudden changes in grade near utility access points and drainage grates can be difficult for cyclists to maneuver, especially at night. In the short term, pavement markings as specified in Chapter 9C of the MUTCD can help alert cyclists that a potentially hazardous condition exists. These hazards can then be eliminated or minimized as the appropriate roadway or utility project is undertaken in the future.

Pavement overlays

Even if no re-striping or widening is called for in a paving project, there may still be good opportunities to improve conditions for cyclists. Ensuring that the seam of the pavement is properly feathered and does not occur in the middle of the shoulder, will provide a smooth, regular surface for cyclists.

Roadway sweeping

Patches of gravel, especially on corners, can pose a threat to cyclists. With the help of the cycling community, it may be possible to identify areas where significant gravel accumulation is hampering safe cycling. Targeted road sweeping can help to reduce the potential hazards.

Bicycle Racks

Although some communities require provision of bicycle racks during project development approval, it can still be difficult for cyclists to find a safe place to lock their bike. Bike racks should be provided near public buildings such as schools, municipal centers, and post offices, as well as in public parking areas. Commercial businesses and employment centers can also provide bike racks as a service to their customers and employees.

Bikesharing/micromobility

Although the primary focus of this plan is on bicycle infrastructure, another key consideration to increase cycling is the availability of bicycles themselves. Many residents in the A/GFTC area who want or need to own a bicycle already have one; however, simply owning a bicycle doesn't guarantee access (for example, employees and college students who commute by car may not have access to a bicycle at their job or campus). Similarly, tourists who visit the A/GFTC area may have left their bicycles at home.

At the most basic level, bike share is a service that provides bicycles for short-term use.

Although the idea has existed since the 1960's, mainstream deployment began in earnest in the mid-90's and has gained significant traction in the last decade, helped in part by recent advances in technology. Today, bike share is considered part of a larger platform of "micromobility" services, which include other modes such as e-bikes and e-scooters. Although micro-mobility programs were once relegated to large cities, smaller communities have also begun to adopt these services.

E-bikes & E-scooters

Micromobility services are no longer limited to traditional bicycles. Some service models also include:

- E-Scooters, or electric scooters, have handlebars, a floorboard or a seat, and an electric motor that can be powered by the electric motor and/or human power.
- E-bikes, also known as electric or pedal-assist bikes, have an electric motor and operable pedals. The motor on a Class I e-bike provides assistance only when the person operating the bike is pedaling, while a Class II e-bike has a motor that may be used exclusively to propel the bicycle. (A third class of e-bike is only allowed in cities over one million people and is therefore not applicable to the A/GFTC Region.)

In recognition of the growing popularity of bikesharing, Greater Glens Falls Transit, working with Warren County Employment & Training Administration and A/GFTC, has recently begun to explore the feasibility of establishing a pilot bikeshare program in the Glens Falls/Queensbury/Lake George area. One possibility would be to work with the Capital District Transit Authority (CDTA) to expand the existing *CDPHP Cycle!* Program, currently located in Albany, Schenectady, Troy, and Saratoga Springs.

Micro-mobility services can fill a variety of needs, depending on the target user group. This is an especially important consideration for smaller communities seeking to maximize the potential user base. For example, the system can be geared toward a student population,

employees/daytime commuters without access to bicycles, tourists, or any combination of the above.

Before third-party vendors stepped in to fill demand for micro-mobility systems, the financial and liability risk to establish a locally administered service was primarily on the program sponsor. In the last five years, vendor-based micro-mobility services exploded in popularity around the country, including into smaller cities in upstate New York. However, the drawback to vendor-based approaches is the volatility of the marketplace. In the last few years, many independent bikeshare vendors were acquired by large rideshare companies, notably Uber and Lyft. After an initial expansion, these companies have drastically reduced or eliminated their micro-mobility services. It should be noted that, given rapid shifts in technology, the availability of different transportation modes, and current trends towards work-at-home and reduced tourist activity due to Covid-19, the short-term feasibility of micro-mobility platforms may be difficult to predict.

From a long-term planning perspective, the pursuit of micro-mobility platforms may once again become a priority. When considering the viability of micro-mobility services, the following factors should be taken into account:

Target demographic

Before the feasibility of a bikeshare program can be estimated, the primary targeted users of the service should be identified. In the broadest of terms, this group is made up of people without immediate access to a bicycle, and who have the ability and desire to ride a bike instead of, or in supplement to, other modes of transportation. In practice, this includes:

- College students. A common denominator among successful bike share programs is the presence of a high number of college students, especially those who live on-campus or in the community and lack access to a vehicle or bike.
- Tourists. Although some visitors to the area bring bicycles, for those that do not, access to bikeshare may be a desirable amenity.
- Commuters. Although most employees in the region drive their personal vehicles to work, some may choose to utilize bikeshare for quick trips at lunch or after work, either for recreation/exercise or to avoid the inconvenience of having to find parking.

Service type

The earliest formal bike share programs were dock-based systems, wherein the bicycles were loaned out from, and returned to, designated stations. This type of system is still used today, especially in large urban areas. The benefit of a docked system is that users can enjoy a high degree of confidence that a bike will be available at a specific location, especially given contemporary technological tie-ins with mobile apps. However, if the stations are too far apart, the usefulness declines, as people will be less willing to walk a significant distance to get to a bicycle. Conversely, dockless systems rapidly gained traction across the country in 2017-18, aided by the ability to track the locations of bikes using GPS. These programs are almost always administered by third-party vendors that developed the technology and apps to make the service possible. Most dockless system requires users to download an app, both to pay for the rides and to find bicycles via GPS. Dockless systems can result in reduced travel to and from a station, which is beneficial for

spontaneous bicycle trips or for one-way trips. To operate efficiently, a large number of bikes must be deployed, to ensure relatively even distribution through the community.

Equipment type

E-bikes have significant potential to increase the accessibility of cycling overall by reducing physical barriers to the activity. For example, e-bikes can make it easier to climb hills and maintain consistent speeds. This can make riding a bicycle easier for people who might otherwise face physical challenges with traditional bicycles.

E-bike rideshare systems are not without potential drawbacks. For example, the increased speed of e-bikes may create safety conflicts. E-bikes are legally limited to speeds below 20 or 25 miles per hour in New York State (depending on the type of equipment). This is comparable to the maximum speed of a traditional bicycle. However, studies have shown⁵ that the *average* speed of e-bikes can be up to 5 mph greater than regular bicycles. This could increase the potential for safety issues, especially in locations shared by pedestrians such as multi-use paths.

Also, e-bikes tend to be more expensive, which may make shared services less affordable to low-income residents. Shared Mobility Inc., a not-for-profit based out of Buffalo, New York, is currently piloting an e-bike "library" system in communities across the state. This public-private partnership may make access to e-bikes more equitable.

Municipalities seeking to establish bikeshare systems should take a proactive approach to ebikes and e-scooters. As noted in the sidebar, shared-systems which include e-bikes are prohibited by default; municipal authorization, whether via resolution or local law, is required to establish e-bike shared systems. Cost, equity,

On April 3, 2020, a new law governing e-bikes was passed in New York State. In addition to defining classes of e-bike equipment, this law regulates where, when, and how e-bikes may be lawfully ridden. These regulations give broad authority to local municipalities to tailor the rules to the needs of the community. Specifically, the law includes the following provisions:

- "Shared systems", which
 would include on-demand
 rideshare services of e-bikes,
 are <u>prohibited</u> by default.
 Authorization by the
 municipality is required before
 e-bike shared systems may be
 established.
- By default, privately owned e-bikes are "street legal", but not allowed on sidewalks. Local municipalities may choose to enact stricter regulations. This could include outright bans, limiting the use of e-bikes to specific roadways, and/or prohibiting e-bikes from pedestrian-only spaces or along certain trails.

For more information, as well as sample templates for local municipalities, see:
http://www.access-to-law.com/nyguide/NYGuide.pdf

E-BIKES AND THE LAW

⁵ https://trec.pdx.edu/blog/are-e-bikes-faster-conventional-bicycles

and potential safety implications of e-bikes in certain locations should be taken into account when planning a rideshare system.

Geographic scope

It is unlikely that any single municipality within the A/GFTC region could sustain a bikeshare or other micro-mobility platform on its own. However, expanding the service to nearby communities, especially taking into consideration tourist destinations, could increase the feasibility of the system.

Local Funding

The volatility of vendor-based platforms makes the question of local funding difficult to predict. At one time, local funding was not necessarily a requirement to attract a micro-mobility platform to a community. However, it is likely that a certain level of public investment will be required in the future as new micro-mobility partnerships are brokered.

Marketing/outreach

The most successful bike share services are backed up by a strong public outreach effort. This may include media/social media campaigns to introduce the system, as well as ongoing promotion efforts. Community partners may play a key role in public outreach campaigns.

Guidance and Resources for Capital Improvements

One of the objectives of this plan is to provide guidance to local communities and advocates relating to the siting and design of bicycle facilities. The online map of the Priority Bicycle Network was created to facilitate these decisions. The map contains data about the factors that influence the selection and design of bicycle facilities, including:

- Number of Lanes. For streets with more than two lanes, there may be opportunities to create
 a "road diet". This approach, which was used on the recent reconstruction of Hudson Avenue
 in Glens Falls, reduces the number of lanes from four to three (two directional lanes and a
 center turn lane), thereby freeing up space to dedicate for bike lanes.
- Existing Shoulder Width. This data was derived from digital mapping and is therefore approximate; field verification should be conducted prior to design. In general, a 4' minimum shoulder width is recommended for shoulders that are intended to support bicycle traffic; this width increases as the posted speed and traffic volume of the roadway increases.
- Posted Speed Limit. This data was derived from digital mapping and is therefore approximate; field verification should be conducted prior to design. Vehicle speed is a crucial factor when considering where and how to design bicycle facilities. In general, the higher the speed, the more separation should be provided between cyclists and vehicles.
- Range of Traffic Volume. This data provides a range of expected Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT). As AADT data is collected on an ongoing basis, the exact number of cars per day is not provided; refer to the NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer or contact A/GFTC for the most recent available traffic counts. Many of the design guidelines recommend design features and facility

types based partially on traffic volume. For the purposes of the Priority Bicycle Network, the AADT ranges are Low (less than 2000 AADT), Medium (2000-6500 AADT) and High (over 6500 AADT).

On-Street Parking. In urban areas and village/hamlet settings, on-street parking is often
available. This is a factor in the selection and design of on-street bicycle facilities, as there is a
potential for conflict between cyclists and car doors opening suddenly, or parked cars pulling
into and out of traffic.

This data is helpful to narrow down the range of potential options for dedicated bicycle facilities. Not every roadway will require a dedicated bicycle facility. Low-speed roads with low traffic volumes may operate adequately as bicycle facilities without any physical alterations. Similarly, for high-speed, high-volume roadways, it may be preferable to move bicycle traffic off the road entirely by building a multi-use path. Many, if not most, decisions regarding the selection and design of bicycle facilities will require a tradeoff as various factors are weighed against each other.

Since the last Regional Bicycle Plan was updated, new materials have been developed to help communities select, design, and build better bicycle facilities. As these resources are updated on an ongoing basis, they have been incorporated by reference into this plan to prevent the recommendation of outdated guidance. Table 2 on the following page contains a list of selected resources for bicycle project planning, bicycle facility selection, and/or bicycle facility design.

Project Funding

The following programs and agencies offer funding for design and/or construction of bicycle facilities. In addition, project sponsors are encouraged to incorporate bicycle facilities into roadway projects funded by the Federal Surface Transportation Program (STP), Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), or the NYS Consolidated Local Street and Highway Improvement Program (CHIPS).

<u>Transportation Alternatives Program</u> (NYSDOT): Provision of Facilities for Bicycles and Pedestrians (onor off-road)

<u>Make the Connection Program</u> (A/GFTC): Small-scale projects that improve the region's bicycle and pedestrian travel network

<u>Recreational Trails Program</u> (NYS OPRHP): Acquisition, development, rehabilitation and maintenance of multi-use trails

<u>Local Waterfront Revitalization Program</u> (NYSDOS): Implementation of projects listed in a locally adopted Waterfront Revitalization Plan; communities without this type of plan are not eligible to apply

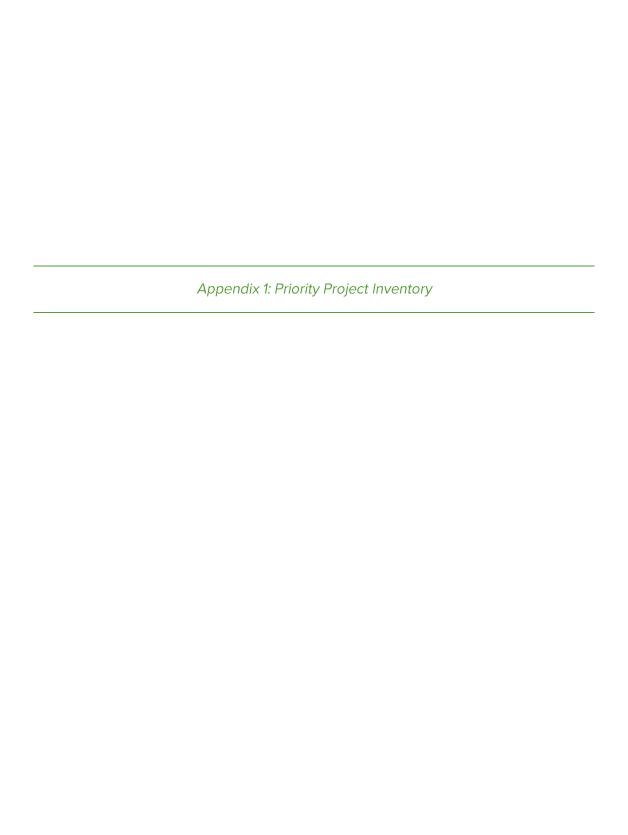
Adirondack Smart Growth Grants (NYSDEC): For communities within the Adirondack Park. Projects may include providing bike-friendly routes and amenities and developing multi-use trails

<u>Climate Smart Communities Program</u> (NYSDEC): Funds climate change adaptation and mitigation projects. In the past this program has provided funding for trails and biking facilities. See current CFA solicitation for more information.

<u>Hudson River Valley Greenway Grants:</u> Provides matching grants up to \$10,000 to develop plans or projects consistent with the five Greenway criteria: natural and cultural resource protection, economic development, public access, regional planning, and heritage and environmental education. Eligible municipalities include the Villages and Towns of Fort Edward, Whitehall, Greenwich, Fort Ann and Granville; Town of Kingsbury, Salem, and Moreau; and Village of South Glens Falls.

<u>State Economic & Infrastructure Development Investment Program (NBRC):</u> Provides matching grants for large-scale infrastructure and other eligible projects with an emphasis on projects which will have positive economic development impacts in the region. The match amount varies depending on location.

Table 2: Bicycle Planni	ing & Design Resources	
Title Source and Date	Summary	Context
Bikeway Selection Guide FHWA, 2019	This document helps transportation practitioners make informed decisions when selecting bikeway types. This practical, process-oriented guide draws on research where available and emphasizes engineering judgment, design flexibility, documentation, and experimentation.	 Urban Suburban Rural
Empire State Trail Design Guide Hudson River Valley Greenway, 2017	This guide is intended for state agencies, local governments, engineering design firms, and trail organizations charged with designing, building, and operating segments of the Empire State Trail. The Design Guide is a compilation of the latest guidelines and approaches for creating shared-used trails and serves as a reference for design professionals developing trail projects anywhere in New York.	 Urban Suburban Rural
Small Town and Rural Multimodal Networks FHWA, 2016	This resource helps small towns and rural communities support safe, accessible, comfortable, and active travel for people of all ages and abilities. It bridges existing guidance on bicycle and pedestrian design and rural practice, encourages innovation in the development of safe and appealing networks for bicycling and walking in small towns and rural areas, and provides examples of peer communities and project implementation appropriate for rural communities.	• Suburban • Rural
Separated Bike Lane Planning and Design Guide FHWA, 2016	This resource outlines planning considerations, case studies, and best practices for separated bike lanes. It highlights options for providing separation, while also documenting midblock design considerations for driveways, transit stops, accessible parking, and loading zones. It also provides intersection design including turning movement operations, signalization, signage, and on-road markings.	 Urban Suburban Rural
Incorporating On- Road Bicycle Networks into Resurfacing Projects FHWA, 2015	This workbook recommends ways to integrate bicycle facilities into a roadway resurfacing program. The workbook also provides methods for fitting bicycle facilities onto existing roadways, cost considerations, and case studies. The workbook does not present detailed design guidance, but highlights existing guidance, justifications, and best practices for providing bikeways during resurfacing projects.	 Urban Suburban Rural
Highway Design Manual Ch. 17 - Bicycle Facility Design NYSDOT (rev. 2015)	This chapter of the Highway Design Manual provides design guidance for bicyclist facilities built using State or Federal funding sources. Minimum design standards and guidelines are included or referenced to assist in the selection and design of facilities.	 Urban Suburban Rural
Urban Bikeway Design Guide, Second Edition NACTO, 2014	This resource provides cities with state-of-the-practice solutions to create streets that are safe and enjoyable for bicyclists. Most of these treatments are not directly referenced in the current version of the AASHTO Guide to Bikeway Facilities, although they are virtually all permitted under the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).	• Urban
Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities, 4th Edition AASHTO, 2012	This guide provides information on how to accommodate bicycle travel and operations in most riding environments. Flexibility is permitted to encourage designs that are sensitive to local context and incorporate the needs of bicyclists, pedestrians, and motorists. <i>Note: an updated version of this document is expected to be released in 2020-2021.</i>	 Urban Suburban Rural



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Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name: Big Boom Trail Concept Plan	Project Description:	
Location: Betar Byway to Nolan Road	_	anaant Dian
Municipality: Town of Moreau	The Big Boom Trail C presents a variety of c	•
Project Phase: Pre-planning	within the corridor cor	• .
Cost Estimate: \$580,000 - \$610,000	 Cave in South Glens Road right-of-way bor 	•
Plan Sponsor: Town of Moreau	in the Town of Morea	u, and Moreau
Jurisdiction: Varies	Lake State Park.	
Other Partner(s):	Of the three alternativ	
Date of Plan: Spring 2015	 Betar Byway with Nollon- on-road alternatives a 	
Link to Plan: https://www.townofmoreau.org/pdf/1%20Big%20Boom%20Trail%20Concept%20Plan.pd	feasible according to	-
sight-of-Way Needed? Yes No	in the plan.	
Approx. # of Parcels: Approx. Acres.		
Vetland/Stream Crossing? ection 106/4(f) Required? Yes No TBD TBD		
ocated on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
0 0	(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
Hillon Dr. Windy La, Fuller Rd Brentwood Dr. Brentwood Age Southesde Cemolory Linden St. Lel and St. Brentwood Age Southesde Cemolory Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Wynnefield Dr. Brentwood Age Southesde Cemolory Refring Ood Rd Wood Away Fernwood Southesde Cemolory Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Linden St. Wynnefield Dr. Southesde Cemolory Refring Ood Rd Wood Away Wood Away Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust	TAP Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):

Other

TBD

OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

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ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	Big Boom T	rail Conce	ot Plan		Project Description:	
Location:	Old Bend to	Moreau L	ake State Pa	ark	The Big Boom Trail C	oncept Plan
Municipality:	Town of Mo	reau			presents a variety of	•
Project Phase:	Pre-plannin	g			within the corridor cor Cave in South Glens	• .
Cost Estimate:	~\$1m				Road right-of-way box	dering the Hudson
Plan Sponsor:	Town of Mo	reau			in the Town of Morea Lake State Park.	u, and Moreau
Jurisdiction:	Varies				Lake State Fark.	
Other Partner(s):	NYSOPHRI	P, NYSDE	C		Three alternatives we connect Nolan Road	
Date of Plan:	Spring 2015	5			State Park, via on-and	
Link to Plan:	https://www.townofmor	eau.org/pdf/1%20Big	%20Boom%20Trail%20	Concept%20Plan.pdf	The highest-ranking a	
Right-of-Way Nee	ded?	Yes	ONo	() TBD	included for illustrative however, the final alignment	
	a. # of Parcels:		Approx. Acres.	0	been selected; further	
Utility Corridor?	_	Yes	● No		required.	
Wetland/Stream C	Crossing?	Yes	No	● TBD		
Section 106/4(f) R	equired?	Yes	No	TBD		
Located on Fed. Ai	id Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
Site Location Map):				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
Service Layer Credits Intermap, INCREMEN China (Hong Kong), B OpenStreetMap con 0 0.175 0.35	s: Sources: Esri, HERE, Gar NT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, N Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), tributors, and the GIS Use 0.7 1.05	METI, Esri , NGCC, (c)	Butler Rd Butler Rd Sampling for Bills Butler Rd	Oak View Dr	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection ✓ OPHRP ☐ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):

Other TBD



ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	Capital Distr	ict Trails	Plan	Project Description:			
Location:	Bluebird Roa	ad			The Capital District Trails Plan contains a		
Municipality:	Town of Mor	eau			vision, goals, and reco		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning]			on- and off-road bicyc Saratoga, Rensselaer	Ü	
Cost Estimate:	N/A				Albany counties. Altho	ough the Town of	
Plan Sponsor:	Capital Distr	ict Trans	portation Com	nmittee	Moreau is not included Planning Area, a numl		
Jurisdiction:	Varies				the municipality were i	dentified and have	
Other Partner(s):	Town of Mor	eau, Sar	atoga County		subsequently been income As these concepts car	·	
Date of Plan:	January 201	9			public input process a	nd link to other	
Link to Plan:	https://www.cdtcmpo.org	g/images/bike_pe	d/TrailsPlan/CDTC_TrailsF	Plan_F3_reduced.pdf	bicycle priorities in the have been included in		
Right-of-Way Need	ded? Yes No TBD			● TBD			
Approx.	# of Parcels:		Approx. Acres.		The Bluebird Road Bike Path would connect across the Town of Moreau from		
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		the proposed Wilton-M the Hudson River to th		
Wetland/Stream Cr	rossing?	Yes	No	● TBD	Falls.	· ·	
Section 106/4(f) Re	quired?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:					(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
South Glens			Warren Ferry-Blvd	Magning	On-Road Intersection Corridor	TAP Make the Connect	
				4//	Rridge	OPHRP	

18	Warren
South Gens Falls	Ferry-Blvd
	Harrison Ave Ext Mary's Cemetery
outhate emelery	See
inha 16th	
-Moreau RecR Harry J Beta Recreational f	Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community
Elisat	0 0.2 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 Miles

Project Type	Potential Funding
(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
On-Road	
Intersection	✓ TAP
✓ Corridor	Make the Connection
Bridge	OPHRP OPHRP
Maintenance	NYSDOS
Pave. Preservation	NYSERDA
✓ Shoulder	TBD
✓ Bike Lane	Other (list):
Other	
TBD	
Off-Road	
Trail Extension	
New Trail	
Paved	

Stone Dust

Other TBD



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Capital [istrict Trails F	Plan		Project Description:		
Location: Wilton-W				The Capital District Trails Plan contains a vision,		
Municipality: Town of				goals, and recommendation bicycle trails throughout Sar	s for on- and off-road	
Project Phase: Pre-plan				Schenectady, and Albany of Town of Moreau is not inclu	ounties. Although the	
Cost Estimate: N/A	····'8			Planning Area, a number of	projects in the	
Plan Sponsor: Capital [District Transn	ortation Con	nmittee	municipality were identified been included in the plan. A	s these concepts came	
Jurisdiction: Varies	notifier Traffiep			from a robust public input pr bicycle priorities in the A/GF	TC area, they have been	
Other Partner(s): Town of	Moreau, Sara	toga County	,	included in this plan as well.		
Date of Plan: January		toga ooaniy		The Wilton-Moreau Trail is the City of Saratoga Sprir		
Link to Plan: https://www.cdtc		FrailsPlan/CDTC_Trails	Plan_F3_reduced.pdf	South Glens Falls, largely 9. Commencing at the inters		
				Route 9 Bike Route and route of the Saratoga Gre	the northern planned	
Right-of-Way Needed?	Yes	ŬNo	TBD	would conceptually follow utility Right-of-way corridor	the Niagara Mohawk	
Approx. # of Parce	ls:	Approx. Acres.		side of Route 9. Entering the trail is envisioned to brane	e Town of Moreau, the	
Jtility Corridor?	Yes	No		corridor along local roadway	ys to access Moreau Lake	
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	Yes	No	● TBD	State Park, continuing on Falls Road and eventually	along Saratoga Road as	
Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes	No	● TBD	it approaches the Village of	South Glens Falls.	
ocated on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Old Saratoga		10000		On-Road	TAP	
yond Ra				Intersection	✓ Make the Connec	
	X	Old West Rd	1	Corridor		
				Bridge	OPHRP	
		Washb		Maintenance	NYSDOS	
not sugar		um Rd		Pave. Preservation	NYSERDA	
				✓ Shoulder	TBD	
				✓ Bike Lane	Other (list):	
the state of the s				Other		
	<i>[]</i>		Market Co.	TBD		
				Off-Road		
Town of Mary				Trail Extension	-	
		Nashbur		New Trail		
A an or		Rd		Paved		
A Sirch	Service Layer Credits: Sou			Stone Dust		
Li N	Intermap, INCREMENT P, I China (Hong Kong), Esri Ko					

OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Other



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Municipality: Town of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Deproperation of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Deproperation of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Deproperation of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Deproperation of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Deproperation of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Store (Concept Plan Cost Estimate: N/A Plan Sponsor: Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group Jurisdiction: Varies Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: May 20					
Municipality: Town of Fort Ann, Town & Village of Whitehall Is local buffered shoulders along NYS Route 4/2 high-speed, high-volume rural arterial will also receives a significant volume of truct traffic. The Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group Jurisdiction: Varies Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to	: Champlain Canalw	scription:			
Municipality: I Own of Fort Ann, I Own & Village of Writehall Project Phase: Concept Plan Cost Estimate: N/A Plan Sponsor: Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group Jurisdiction: Varies Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: Impeditudenrypreenway.ny.gov/sysemflees/documents/2009/07/cs.2019.acd/on.plan7.8.19.pdf Right-of-Way Needed?	: Comstock to W	Currently, the Empire State Trail connection			
Project Phase: Concept Plan Cost Estimate: N/A Plan Sponsor: Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group Jurisdiction: Varies Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: Link to Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: Approx. # of Parcels: TBD Approx. Acres. Julity Corridor? Wetland/Stream Crossing? Yes No TBD Approx. # of Parcels: TBD Approx. Acres. Julity Corridor? Wetland/Stream Crossing? Yes No TBD Approx. Acres No	Town of Fort A				
Cost Estimate: N/A Plan Sponsor: Champlain Canalway Trail Working Group Jurisdiction: Varies NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: Integritude of Whitehall via Continuing into the Village of Whiteha	: Concept Plan	d, high-volume rural arterial which			
Jurisdiction: Varies Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: https://documerena/2020/07/cdl.2019_action.plan_7.8.19.pdf Right-of-Way Needed?	: N/A	ves a significant volume of truck			
Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: https://www.needed?	: Champlain Ca	nplain Canalway Trail Working Gro			
Other Partner(s): NYS Canal Corp, NYSDOT, Hudson River Greenway Date of Plan: May 2019 Link to Plan: https://findboorg/rearway.ny.gov/bysitem/filea/documents/2020/07/cd.2019.action.plan7.8.19.pdf Right-of-Way Needed?	: Varies	sed an off-road trail utilizing the			
Link to Plan: https://hudborgreenway.ny.gov/system/files/documents/2020/07/cst.2019.action.plan78.19.pdf Right-of-Way Needed?	: NYS Canal Corp,	g Old Route 4 to the Ryder Road,			
Link to Plan: https://dudougneenway.ny.gov/bystem/files/documents/2020/07/cct.2019.action.plan7.8.19.pdf Right-of-Way Needed?	: May 2019				
Approx. # of Parcels: TBD Approx. Acres. Utility Corridor? Wetland/Stream Crossing? Wetland/Stream Crossing? Occated on Fed. Aid Network? Wetland Nap: Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection On-Road Intersection Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bridge Mointenance Other TBD Other (I	https://hudsongreenway.ny.gov	·			
Approx. # of Parcels: TBD Approx. Acres. LWRP NYSDOS grant. Construction but and funding is yet to be determined. It is anticipated that should this trail segment constructed, the Empire State Trail would be re-aligned to utilize the off-road connective to the constructed on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No TBD Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Make the Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD TBD Off-Road TBD TBD Off-Road TBD Trail Extension Trail Extens	eded?	ental analysis, permitting and desi			
## Action of the Control of the Cont	x. # of Parcels: TBD	SDOS grant. Construction budge			
Nection 106/4(f) Required? Nection 106/4(f) Required? No Orable Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Blike Lane Other Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension	or? Yes •No				
Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension Potential Func (Check all that	m Crossing? Yes No TBD				
(Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Off-Road Trail Extension	Required?				
On-Road Intersection	Aid Network?	pe Potential Funding			
Intersection	p:	that apply): (Check all that ap			
Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community 0 0.475 0.95 1.9 2.85 3.8 Paved	Service La Intermap, China (Ho	make the Color of			

Other TBD

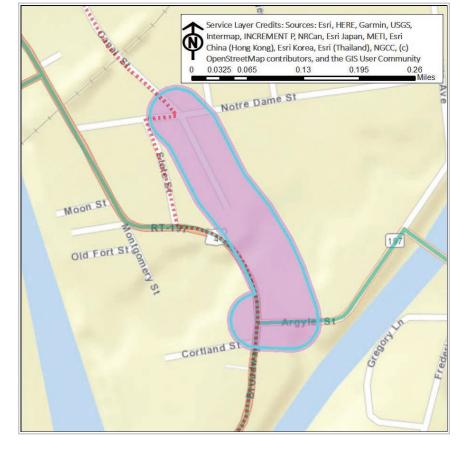


ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	Champlain Can	ialway I rail	Action Plan/Empi	re State Trail	Project Description:	
Location:	Old Fort Edw	ard Juncti	The Champlain Canal	lway Trail		
Municipality:	Village of Fo	ort Edward	b		Plan calls for the trail	_
Project Phase:	Concept Pla	ın			the Village of Fort Edu through the Old Fort E	
Cost Estimate:	N/A				Locks, located on NY	S Route 1
Plan Sponsor:	Champlain (Canalway	Trail Working	Group	Street. This site marks Canal made its critica	
Jurisdiction:	Village of Fo	ort Edward	t		Champlain Canal. Thi	
Other Partner(s):	Hudson Rive	er Greenv	vay		important to the CCT many intact features of	
Date of Plan:	May 2019				route for which an ent	
Link to Plan:	https://hudsongreenway.n	y.gov/system/files/de	ocuments/2020/07/cct.2019.a	action.plan7.8.19.pdf	story can be conveyed	0
Right-of-Way Need	ded?	Yes	No	ТВО	Combines Park area. engineering study will	be requi
Approx	. # of Parcels:		Approx. Acres		improvements of the C This route would perm	
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		directly connect to Ca eliminating the use of	nal Stree
Wetland/Stream C	crossing?	Yes	No	● TBD	Notre Dame Street.	State Sti
Section 106/4(f) Ro	equired?	Yes	No	● TBD		
Located on Fed. Ai	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential
					(6) 1 11 11 1 1 1	1 (0) 1 1

Site Location Map:



Action nt within oute unction 197/Argyle he Feeder tion to the very it contains canal retive the Five and red for Lock area. il to t thereby eet and

(Check all that apply):

Intersection Corridor

Bridge

On-Road

Maintenance

Pave. Preservation

Shoulder

Bike Lane Other

TBD

Off-Road

Trail Extension

Stone Dust

New Trail

Paved

Other

TBD

Funding

(Check all that apply):

V IAI

✓ Make the Connection

NYSDOS

NYSERDA
NIJLNDA

TBD

Other (list)
-------------	---



Morgan Ave

Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	Dix/Sagamo	ore Intersec	ction Evalua	tion	Project Description:		
Location:	: Dix Ave. & Sagamore St.			This study assessed and developed potential geometric and operational improvements to the intersection, aided by intersection operation analyses and a			
Municipality:	: City of Glens Falls						
Project Phase:	hase: Concept Plan						
Cost Estimate:	N/A				traffic signal warrant	-	
Plan Sponsor:	AGFTC, Cit	y of Glens	Falls		A number of improve	ments were	
Jurisdiction: City of Glens Falls, Warren County				recommended, including narrowing the			
Other Partner(s):): Warren County				approach widths on Dix Ave, reconfiguring the alignment of the		
Date of Plan:	November 2	2012			Warren County Bikeway to facilitate a shorter, perpendicular crossing, and		
Link to Plan:	https://agftc.org/wp-cont	:ent/uploads/2020/11/[Dix-Sagamore-Intersecti	on-Evaluation-final.pdf			
Right-of-Way Nee	ded?	Yes	No	● ТВD	upgrades to pavemer signage.	nt markings and	
Approx	c. # of Parcels: _		Approx. Acres.				
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No				
Wetland/Stream C	Crossing?	Yes	No	TBD			
Section 106/4(f) R	equired?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Ai	id Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map):				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
awton Ave	Interma China (ap, INCREMENT P, NRC (Hong Kong), Esri Korea treetMap contributors,	s: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Us Lan, Esri Japan, METI, Es a, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, , and the GIS User Comr 0.105	ri (c)	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
Auburn Pl			1		New Trail		

7

Paved

Other

TBD

Stone Dust



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name: Glens Falls P	edestrian and	Bicycle Conn	ectivity Study	Project Description:	
Location: Glen Street					propared the
Municipality: City of Gler				The City of Glens Falls prepared the Pedestrian and Bicycle Connectivity Study to develop a balanced, multimodal transportation system that will improve the	
	roject Phase: Pre-planning				
Cost Estimate: N/A	9			efficiency and safety of	walking and biking
Plan Sponsor: City of Gler	ns Falls			within and around the opeople of varying abiliti	
Jurisdiction: City of Gler	ns Falls				
Other Partner(s): Feeder Car				The plan recommends a number of ways to improve the connection between downtown	
Date of Plan: June 2013				Glens Falls and the Fed	eder Canal Trail,
Link to Plan: http://gfdri.org/wp-	content/uploads/20)16/05/SKM_C308	16052720330.pdf	including improving the improving the crossings	
Right-of-Way Needed?	Oyas	ONO	TDD	Glen Streets, and re-ro Glens Falls business di	<u> </u>
,	Yes	No No	TBD	Oleris i alis busilless ui	Strict.
Approx. # of Parcels: - Utility Corridor?	Yes A	pprox. Acres.		Creating a stronger corcrossing opportunities a	are also supported
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	Yes	No	TBD	by the Glens Falls Sust Committee.	ainability
Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes	No	TBD		
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Puning t Time	Detential Funding
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Project Type (Check all that apply):	Potential Funding (Check all that apply):
S and	METI, Esri , NGCC, (c) er Community 0.26 Miles	Maple St. St. Jay St.	Culvert St. Fredella Ave Sa	On-Road ✓ Intersection ✓ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ✓ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail	TAP Make the Connect OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
Glens Falls Hospital				Paved Stone Dust	

Other TBD



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name: Glens Falls Recreation Connections	Project Description:	
Location: Sanford Street & Grant Avenue	The Glens Falls Susta	ainability
Municipality: City of Glens Falls	Committee has identi	
Project Phase: Pre-planning	provide dedicated bicconnect the Glens Fa	
Cost Estimate: N/A	Club on Sanford Stre	et to the Morse
Plan Sponsor: Glens Falls Sustainability Committee	Athletic Complex at the Avenue Extension.	ne end of Grant
Jurisdiction: City of Glens Falls	- /tvolido Extolición.	
Other Partner(s):	_	
Date of Plan: N/A	_	
Link to Plan: N/A	_	
tight-of-Way Needed? Yes No TBD	_	
Approx. # of Parcels: Approx. Acres.		
	_	
Jtility Corridor? Yes No		
Vetland/Stream Crossing? Yes No TBD		
ection 106/4(f) Required? Yes No		
ocated on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No	Project Type	Potential Funding
ite Location Map:	(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS,	On-Road	✓ TAP
Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community	Intersection	✓ Make the Connect
0 0.125 0.25 0.5 0.75 1 Miles	✓ Corridor	OPHRP
Hovely Pond Palik	☐ Bridge	
	☐ Maintenance	NYSDOS
	Pave. Preservation	NYSERDA
	Shoulder	TBD
	✓ Bike Lane	Other (list):
Crandal	Other	
Park	TBD	
	Off-Road	
	Trail Extension	
LawrenceSt	New Trail	
Glens Falls Maple St	Paved	
O GIETTS FAILS	Stone Dust	

Other TBD



ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Glens Falls Feeder Canal Access Improvements	Project Description:		
Location: Haskell St & Shermantown Rd	The City of Glens Falls ha		
Municipality: City of Glens Falls	assistance in a future planning study to strengthen connections between the Feeder		
Project Phase: Pre-planning	Canal Trail and the surrounced includes connecting East	unding community. This	
Cost Estimate: N/A	Canal Trail access on Sh	ermantown Road.	
Plan Sponsor: A/GFTC, City of Glens Falls	Haskell Street is typical o streets in Glens Falls and	I features sidewalks on	
Jurisdiction: City of Glens Falls	both sides of the street as parking; however, improv		
Other Partner(s): Feeder Canal Alliance	bring the pedestrian featu	ıres into ADA	
Date of Plan: N/A	compliance. In addition, to opportunities to demarcate	te bicycle facilities.	
Link to Plan: N/A	South of Warren Street, Strarrow and lacks bicycle		
Right-of-Way Needed? Yes No TBD	The high volume of truck is a safety concern for vu pedestrians and cyclists.	traffic on this roadway	
Approx. # of Parcels: Outility Corridor? Outility Corridor. Out	The need to improve She bicycle/pedestrian use ha in the Glens Falls Pedest Connectivity Study.	s also been supported	
ocated on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:	(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Onelda St. Radio Date of St. R	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connect ☐ OPHRP ☐ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):	
Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community	Stone Dust		

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Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name:	Glens Falls Feeder Canal Access II	mprovements	Project Description:		
Location:	Staple St & Bush St		The City of Glens Falls h	•	
Municipality:	City of Glens Falls		assistance in a future planning study to strengthen connections between the Feeder		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning	Canal Trail and the surrounding community, including along Staple and Bush Streets. This alignment provides a direct connection			
Cost Estimate:	N/A				
Plan Sponsor:	A/GFTC, City of Glens Falls	between Big Cross Elementary and the Feeder Canal Trail. Currently, Staple Street features			
Jurisdiction:	City of Glens Falls		sidewalk along at least o	ne side of the street	
Other Partner(s):	Feeder Canal Alliance		between the school and However, this sidewalk is	s narrow and most of	
Date of Plan:	N/A		the curb cuts do not mee standards. In addition, the		
Link to Plan:	N/A		standards. In addition, there are no designated bicycle facilities. Bush Street is a narrow, low		
Right-of-Way Need	led? Yes No . # of Parcels: Approx. Acres	Т ВD	volume local road which lengths of discontinuous a stripe was added on th road, presumably to dem	sidewalk. At one point e west side of the	
Utility Corridor? Wetland/Stream C		ТВО	cyclists and pedestrians. is not designated by sign markings, making it conficued cyclists, and pedestrians	age or pavement using for vehicles,	
Section 106/4(f) Ro		TBD			
₋ocated on Fed. Ai	d Network? Yes No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map	Paul St Luxerne Rd Stewart Ave Knight St Ath St Boyls on St W Th mont St	Artin	(Check all that apply): On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail ☐ Paved	(Check all that apply): TAP Make the Connecti OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
Intermap, INCREMEN China (Hong Kong), Es	Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, F.P., NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri ri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) ibutors, and the GIS User Community	S1	Stone Dust Other		



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name: Halfway Brook to Feeder Canal Trail Conne	ctor Project Description:		
Location: Peggy Ann to Richardson St	This project would connect the proposed		
Municipality: Town of Queensbury	Peggy Ann Road sidepath to Luzerne		
Project Phase: Pre-planning	Road along the National Grid utility corridor. Luzerne Road and Veterans		
Cost Estimate: N/A/	Road could be improved with on-street		
Plan Sponsor: Town of Queensbury	bicycle amenities such as wide shoulders or bike lanes, eventually		
Jurisdiction: Varies	connecting to Richardson Avenue and		
Other Partner(s): National Grid, Warren County	south to the Feeder Canal Trail.		
Date of Plan: N/A			
Link to Plan: N/A			
Right-of-Way Needed?	BD BD		
Approx. # of Parcels: N/A Approx. Acres.			
Utility Corridor? Yes No			
Wetland/Stream Crossing? Yes No	BD		
Section 106/4(f) Required? Yes No	BD		
Located on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No	BD Project Type Potential Funding		
Site Location Map:	(Check all that apply): (Check all that apply):		
Discon Rd Ang. Rd A	On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail ☐ Paved ☐ Paved ☐ TAP ☐ Make the Connect ☐ OPHRP ☐ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):		
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community	Stone Dust Other		



Project Name:	Halfway Brook t	o Hudson I	Pointe Trail Con	nector Study	Project Description:		
Location:	: National Grid Corridor between Peggy Ann/Hudson Pointe Park				This conceptual plan evaluated future trail		
Municipality:	Town of Queensbury				connections in West Queensbury, from the southern terminus of the planned Halfway Brook trail to the		
Project Phase:	Concept Plan)		Hudson Pointe preserve along the Hudson River. This north-south connection has long been noted as			
Cost Estimate:	approx \$1.74	M (East	Side phase o	nly)	a priority in local and regiona	al planning efforts.	
Plan Sponsor:	AGFTC, Tow	n of Que	ensbury		The preferred alternative inc which can be pursued indep		
Jurisdiction:	Varies				begins in the north at the National Grid utility corridor between Oak Tree Circle and Hidden Hills Drive. The		
Other Partner(s):	National Grid				trail crosses Upper Sherma then continues west along E	an and Luzerne roads,	
Date of Plan:	September 2	018			turning south at Michigan	Avenue. The on-road	
Link to Plan:	https://agftc.org/wp-co	ontent/uploads	/2018/11/FINAL_HHT	rail_09.19.18.pdf	portions of the trail in this se boulevards or yield roadway	s. Utilizing Warren County	
Right-of-Way Need	ded? . # of Parcels:	Yes	No Approx. Acres.	TBD	property, the trail would tran path, cross Corinth Road, th rights-of-way of Carey and Nuse paths. The trail would th spaces in the Big Bay prese	en continue within the lative roads as shared en cross into open	
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		and proposed trails to Hud	dson Pointe.	
Wetland/Stream C	crossing?	Yes	ONo	● TBD	The utility corridor section of separate effort by the Town	of Queensbury to link	
Section 106/4(f) Re	equired?	Yes	No	TBD	Halfway Brook Trail to the F	eeder Canal.	
Located on Fed. Ai	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map	<u> </u>				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Service Layer Credits Intermap, INCREMEN China (Hong Kong), E	: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin IT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, MET sri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NG cributors, and the GIS User C 0.7 1.05	I, Esri GCC, (c)	West Gi ens Fa Is	Big Boon, Rd Administration Continual Continua	On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	

13

Paved

Other

TBD

Stone Dust



Project Name: H	: Halfway Brook to Hudson Pointe Trail Connector Study			Project Description:			
Location: Na	: National Grid Corridor between Peggy Ann/Hudson Pointe Park				This conceptual plan evaluated futur		
Municipality: T	Town of Queensbury				connections in West Queensbury, from terminus of the planned Halfway Broo		
Project Phase: C	: Concept Plan				Hudson Pointe preserve along the This north-south connection has lor		
Cost Estimate: a	approx \$2.66M (Utility corridor phase only)				as a priority in local and regional plann		
Plan Sponsor: A	GFTC, To	wn of Que	ensbury		The preferred alternative in		
Jurisdiction: \overline{V}	aries				which can be pursued inde begins at the Halfway Broo	ok trailhead o	
Other Partner(s): N	ational Gr	id			Ann Road. From there, the east along the north side	of Peggy Anr	
Date of Plan: S	eptember	2018			approximately ¼ mile as a shared use p separated from the roadway. At the Nat utility line, the trail would head south, fo utility corridor all the way to the Hud		
Link to Plan: htt	ps://agftc.org/wp	-content/upload	s/2018/11/FINAL_HH	Trail_09.19.18.pdf			
Right-of-Way Needed	d?	Yes	No	ТВО	Nature Preserve. There is topographic challenge in cr	a significant ossing Clendo	
Approx. #	of Parcels:		Approx. Acres.		within the utility line corrido could break away from the	utility corridor	
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		passes through the Clendo following a meandering p space preserves as it cross	ath through th	
Wetland/Stream Cros	ssing?	Yes	No	TBD	existing bridge deck.	ses Cleridon Di	
Section 106/4(f) Requ	uired?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid N	Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential F	
Site Location Map:					(Check all that apply):	(Check all t	
A Carrier Laure Carrier Carrier	UEDS C	LICCC			On-Road	TAP	
Service Layer Credits: So				5	Intersection	"	

Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS,	
Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri	
China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c)	
OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community	
0 0.2 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6 Miles	Peggy Ann.
Milles	Ferros Di
40	
E State of Brook Rd	hermany
Petro Ln	
Petry	
A TOTAL E	
	UN
Luzerne Rd	
	Luzerne-Rd
Horald Dr	∠ dzerne Rd
	an D
Charles	use
Charles and and	Van Dusen Rd
Pitcher Rd	Srey R
	Solve
Malando Hadando	
at Rd now &	
Manual Hallow	
	On Sil le Blvq
	bil te Blvg
	He Per

ιil e southern rail to the dson River. en noted efforts.

phases s phase n Peggy travel n for th, nal Grid wing the on Pointe n Brook the trail as it erve, he open rook at the

Intersection
Corridor
Bridge
Maintenance
Pave. Preservation
Shoulder
Bike Lane
Other
☐ TBD

Off	Daad

TBD
Off-Road
Trail Extension
✓ New Trail
Paved
Stone Dust
Other

unding

that apply):

TAP
Make the Connection
OPHRP
NYSDOS
NYSERDA
TBD
Other (list):



Project Name:	Halfway Brook to Cole's Woods Trail Connector	Project Description:		
Location:	Peggy Ann to Dixon Ave	This project would cre	•	
Municipality:	Town of Queensbury	along Peggy Ann/Old Forge Road between the Halfway Brook trailhead and Dixon Road. The portion of the path		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning			
Cost Estimate:	N/A/	on Old Forge Road w	•	
Plan Sponsor:	Town of Queensbury	widening to create wide		
Jurisdiction:	Varies	A DASNY grant has b	een awarded	
Other Partner(s):	City of Glens Falls	which will partially fun construction.	d design and	
Date of Plan:	N/A	construction.		
Link to Plan:	N/A			
Right-of-Way Need				
Approx	x. # of Parcels: N/A Approx. Acres.			
Jtility Corridor?	Yes No			
Wetland/Stream C	Crossing? Yes No TBD			
Section 106/4(f) R	equired? Yes No			
ocated on Fed. Ai	id Network? Yes No TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map	:	(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Ferniss D	Aviation Mall Aviati	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connect ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
	Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community	Stone Dust Other		

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OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Project Name:	Cole's Woods Trail (Connector		Project Description:		
Location:	Dixon Road to Fire F	Road		This project would create an off-road		
Municipality:	Town of Queensbury	/	path to connect the Plug Mill parking lot			
Project Phase:	Pre-planning			on the north side of D Cole's Woods, eventu	9	
Cost Estimate:	N/A			the YMCA on Fire Ro	_	
Plan Sponsor:	Town of Queensbury	/				
Jurisdiction:	Town of Queensbury	/				
Other Partner(s):	City of Glens Falls					
Date of Plan:	N/A					
Link to Plan:	N/A					
Right-of-Way Need	ded? Yes	No	TBD			
Approx	. # of Parcels:	Approx. Acres.				
Utility Corridor?	Yes	No				
Wetland/Stream C	rossing? Yes	ΟNo	● TBD			
Section 106/4(f) Re	equired? Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Ai	d Network? Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Service Layer Credits Intermap, INCREMEN China (Hong Kong), E OpenStreetMap cont 0 0.075 0.15	Secretary Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, NT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri isri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) tributors, and the GIS User Community 0.3 0.45 Miles	Ashley PI Ashley	Crand.	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension Paved	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
	Girma	Coolidge Ave	31	Stone Dust		

Other TBD



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name: Lak	ke George Warrens	burg Bikeway	Extension	Project Description:		
Location: Lal	ke George Village C	onnections		This project is a concept plan to evaluate a potential		
Municipality: Vill	age of Lake George	extension from the terminus of the existing Warren County Bikeway through the Village of Lake George and north to				
Project Phase: Co	ncept Plan		Warrensburg. Within the Village of Lake George, the preferred option is a			
Cost Estimate: \$3.	.26M			two-way sidepath, separated from West Brook Road to Route 9. T	om vehicular traffic, along	
Plan Sponsor: To	wn and Village of La	ke George, A	AGFTC	north side of the southern bran- between the roadway and the b	ch of West Brook Road,	
Jurisdiction: Va	ries			travels alongside Route 9 betwee Mohican Street. At Mohican Street.	eet, the preferred alternative	
Other Partner(s): NY	SDOT			traverses the neighborhoods as Dieskau, McGillis, Helen, Monto		
Date of Plan: Ap	ril 2019			From Cooper Street, the Bikewa		
Link to Plan: https:	//agftc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04	/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-Bik	eway_FINAL-1.pdf	off-road facility, utilizing the Nat preferred but high cost option is Exit 22 ramps to Cherry Street.	to bore a tunnel under the	
		No pprox. Acres.	ТВО	an optimal opportunity for the traintersections around the Exit 22 From Cherry St. the trail could cright of way at the end of Thon	ail to avoid the slip ramps and and Route 9 convergence.	
Jtility Corridor? Wetland/Stream Cross Section 106/4(f) Requi	Yes ing?	No No No	● TBD	Hollow Road to intersect with R. The more feasible option is for t northeast past the Town/Village the Exit 22 ramps. This trail projute private properties near the I 22 ramp.	oute 9 and continue north. the trail route to continue office complex, paralleling posal may be encumbered by	
_ocated on Fed. Aid Ne	etwork? Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Man:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Site Location Map: Ho ov Holine Co Montain M	Service Layer Credits: Source Intermap, INCREMENT P, NI China (Hong Kong), Esri Kor OpenStreetMap contributo 0 0.1 0.2 0.4 Lower Hubbelt, P, Service Contribution of the Contribution of	RCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esrea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (rs, and the GIS User Commo.6 0.8 Miles	i (c)	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension Paved	TAP Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	

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Other



ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Lake George	e Warrens	burg Bikewa	v Extension	Project Description:		
Location: Route 9 Col					nlan to evaluate a	
Municipality: Towns of La		and Warre	This project is a concept plan to evaluate a potential extension from the terminus of the			
Project Phase: Concept Pla				existing Warren County Bikeway through the Village of Lake George and north to		
Cost Estimate: \$3.26M				Warrensburg.		
Plan Sponsor: Town and V	illage of La	ike George,	The preferred conceptual alignment utilizes the Route 9 right of way. The existing pavement is approximately 44' wide, providing ample space			
Jurisdiction: Varies				for either buffered bike lanes on either side or a		
Other Partner(s): NYSDOT				separated two-way share of the road. Either option		
Date of Plan: April 2019				accommodated within the	e existing pavement	
Link to Plan: https://agftc.org/wp-con	tent/uploads/2019/04/	/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-l	Bikeway_FINAL-1.pdf	width. However, the preference option could be implement	nted by restriping the	
Right-of-Way Needed?	Yes	No	● TBD	pavement, a relatively love could be accomplished a		
Approx. # of Parcels:	А	pprox. Acres.		or during the next round	of pavement	
Utility Corridor? Wetland/Stream Crossing? Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes Yes Yes	No No No	TBD	maintenance. At the north two-way shared use path Route 9 will provide a colof Warrensburg.	on the west side of	
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Due in at Town	Detected Founding	
		<u> </u>		Project Type (Check all that apply):	Potential Funding (Check all that apply):	
Site Location Map:		Finesopie Fail Ro	Stone Schoolho	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved	TAP Make the Connect OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garn Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, MI China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), I	ETI, Esri			Stone Dust		

Other



0.3

0.45

0.6 Miles

0.075 0.15

ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Lake George	e Warrens	sburg Bikeway	y Extension	Project Description:	
Warrensbur	rg hamlet			This project is a concept plan to evaluate a	
Towns of La	ake George	e and Warrer	nsburg	potential extension from existing Warren County	
Concept Pla	an			Village of Lake George a	
\$1.82M				vvarrensburg.	
Town and V	/illage of La	ake George,	AGFTC	The preferred option in \	
Varies				Crossing/River Street co	ould serve as a viable
NYSDOT, T	Town of Wa	arrensburg		route for the Bikeway. The behind the school is also	
April 2019				construction in the short	- to medium-term, as
https://agftc.org/wp-cor	ntent/uploads/2019/0-	4/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-B	Bikeway_FINAL-1.pdf	it poses no right-of-way serve as a stand-alone f	•
ded?	Yes	No	TBD	In the long term, a propo	osed 2-way cycle track
# of Parcels: _		Approx. Acres		Road. This would require	
	Yes	No		9 to separate north and	south bound bicycle
Crossing?	Yes	No	● TBD	Traine to the appropriate	side of the loadway.
equired?	Yes	No	TBD		
id Network?	Yes	ΟNo	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
This state state		THE PARTY OF THE P		On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connect ☐ OPHRP ☐ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):
	Warrensbur Towns of La Concept Pla \$1.82M Town and \ Varies NYSDOT, \ April 2019 https://agftc.org/wp-coded? . # of Parcels: crossing? equired? d Network? :	Warrensburg hamlet Towns of Lake George Concept Plan \$1.82M Town and Village of La Varies NYSDOT, Town of Wa April 2019 https://agftc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/0 ded? Yes rossing? Yes equired? d Network? Yes :	Warrensburg hamlet Towns of Lake George and Warrer Concept Plan \$1.82M Town and Village of Lake George, Varies NYSDOT, Town of Warrensburg April 2019 https://agttc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-E ded?	Towns of Lake George and Warrensburg Concept Plan \$1.82M Town and Village of Lake George, AGFTC Varies NYSDOT, Town of Warrensburg April 2019 https://agftc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-Bikeway_FINAL-1.pdf ded?	Warrensburg hamlet Towns of Lake George and Warrensburg Concept Plan \$1.82M Town and Village of Lake George, AGFTC Varies NYSDOT, Town of Warrensburg April 2019 https://wgftc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/4.12.19_LG-WBURG-Bikeway_FINAL-1.pdf ded?

Other

TBD



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Names, Trails Ma	otor Plan for the	Most Side of I	aka Gaarga	Project Description	
Project Name: Trails Mas				Project Description:	
Location: Route 9				The Towns of Hague, B Ticonderoga and the Vi	•
Municipality: Towns o		and Boiton		have developed a detai	led master plan for
Project Phase: Pre-plan	ning			hiking and biking opporwest side of Lake Georg	•
Cost Estimate: N/A				create a world-class de	stination for hiking
Plan Sponsor: Towns of Hag	ue, Bolton, Lake Georg	ge, Ticonderoga, Vil	II. of Lake George	and biking for current a	nd future generations.
Jurisdiction: NYS				A shared pathway along	
Other Partner(s): NYSDO	Γ			highly desired, according received during the Mas	•
Date of Plan: April 201	3			Plan process. The Plan	recommends the
Link to Plan: https://lakegeorgetown	.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/2012	-Lake-George-Trails-Master-Plar	n-Draft_2013-04-23_Final.pdf	development of a detail of NY Route 9N for the	
tight-of-Way Needed? Approx. # of Parce	Yes A	No Approx. Acres.	TBD	bike lane and or shared trail along the road from to Bolton. This could po	use bike/pedestrian Lake George Village
Jtility Corridor? Vetland/Stream Crossing? ection 106/4(f) Required?	Yes Yes Yes	No No	TBD TBD	with a similarly-recomm study for Route 9N betv Point and Ticonderoga.	ended feasibility veen Sabbath Day
ocated on Fed. Aid Network	\sim	No	ТВО	Desired Torres	l percentation
	163	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Project Type (Check all that apply):	Potential Funding (Check all that apply):
ite Location Map:	Cleverdale	attskill Bay		On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail	TAP Make the Connect OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
	Service Layer Credits: Sou	rces: Esri, HERE, Garmin,	USGS,	Paved	

Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

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Other



Trails Master	Plan for the	West Side of	Lake George	Project Description:	
Route 9N be	etween Silv	er Bay and T	Ticonderoga	The Towns of Hague, Bolton, Lake George,	
Towns of Ha	ague and E	3olton			
Pre-plannin	g			hiking and biking opport	tunities along the
N/A					
Towns of Hague, B	olton, Lake Geor	ge, Ticonderoga, V	ill. of Lake George	and biking for current ar	
NYS				A shared pathway along	g NY Route 9N is
NYSDOT				highly desired, according	
April 2013				The Plan recommends	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
https://lakegeorgetown.org/wp-c	ontent/uploads/2015/10/2012	2-Lake-George-Trails-Master-Pla	an-Draft_2013-04-23_Final.pdf	detailed feasibility analy	
ded?	Yes	ONo Approx Acros	● ТВD	or shared use bike/pede entire road from Sabbat	estrian trail along the the Day Point in Hague
(. # OI Paiceis. —	′	Approx. Acres.		potentially be bundled w	_
	Yes	No		similarly-recommended	
Crossing?	Yes	No	TBD	Noute 911 between Lake	e George and Bolton.
equired?	Yes	No	● TBD		
id Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
):				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
Hr se	Signal on the state of the stat	Puti	nam (Figure 1)	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD	✓ TAP Make the Connecti ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
	Route 9N be Towns of Happen Pre-plannin N/A Towns of Hague, B NYS NYSDOT April 2013 https://lakegeorgetown.org/wp-cded? c. # of Parcels: crossing? equired? id Network?	Route 9N between Silve Towns of Hague and E Pre-planning N/A Towns of Hague, Bolton, Lake Georg NYS NYSDOT April 2013 https://lakegeorgetown.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/2012 ded? Yes c. # of Parcels: Yes equired? Yes id Network? Yes	Route 9N between Silver Bay and Towns of Hague and Bolton Pre-planning N/A Towns of Hague, Bolton, Lake George, Ticonderoga, V NYS NYSDOT April 2013 https://lakegeorgetown.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/2012-Lake-George-Trails-Master-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Planter-Plant	Pre-planning N/A Towns of Hague, Bolton, Lake George, Ticonderoga, Vill. of Lake George NYS NYSDOT April 2013 https://lakegeorgetown.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/2012-Lake-George-Trails-Master-Plan-Draft_2013-04-23_Final.pdf ded? Yes No Approx. Acres. Yes No TBD equired? Yes No TBD id Network? Yes No TBD	Route 9N between Silver Bay and Ticonderoga Towns of Hague and Bolton Pre-planning N/A Towns of Hague, Bolton, Lake George, Ticonderoga, Vill. of Lake George NYS NYSDOT April 2013 Tags.//lide/georgetown ang/wo-content/picoda/2015/19/2012-Lake-George-Traits-Mesor-Plan-Drait_2013-deta] A sharred pathway along highly desired, according received during the Mass The Plan recommends detailed feasibility anally for the potential of creat or shared use bike/pede entire road from Sabbat to downtown Ticondero potentially be bundled visimilarly-recommended Route 9N between Lake (Check all that apply): On-Road Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane

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Other

TBD

Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c)

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ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Pa	athway Corridor Proje	ect		Project Description:	
	keway - County Munic		r Connector	The Warren County Eco	nomic Development
	own of Queensbury	•		Corporation (EDC), War	ren County, Town of
Project Phase: Project				Queensbury, and Nation study to evaluate future	I
Cost Estimate: \$1				conditions with growth, a transportation improvem	
Plan Sponsor: Wa	arren County EDC			approximate two and on	e-half mile length of
Jurisdiction: Wa	arren County			US Route 9 in the Town Sweet Road north to NY	3 .
Other Partner(s): To	own of Queensbury, N	NYSDOT		the Pathway Corridor. Th	ne goal of this study is
Date of Plan: Au	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			to provide an assessment benefits, and impacts of	
	s://wcpathway.files.wordpress.com/2019/10	/2019-10-22-pathway-	corridor-final-report.pdf	transportation improvem evaluating alternatives the	
	? Yes	No	ТВД	pedestrians and passengand safety.	
Approx. # c	of Parcels: TBD A	pprox. Acres.	TBD	As part of this effort, the	
Jtility Corridor?	Yes	No		establishing trailhead pa County Municipal Center	
Wetland/Stream Cross	sing? Yes	No	● TBD	multi-use path connection County Bikeway and the	
Section 106/4(f) Requi	ired? Yes	No	● TBD	County bikeway and the	retail outlets.
ocated on Fed. Aid Ne	etwork? Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
Site Location Map:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	1		On-Road Intersection	✓ TAP
		Transition of the second	- X	Corridor	✓ Make the Connecti
		Ville.	*******	Bridge	✓ OPHRP
	149	\ /	**********	Maintenance	NYSDOS
	Factory Outlets of			Pave. Preservation	NYSERDA
	Lake George			Shoulder	 ☐ TBD
Memu			1	Bike Lane	Other (list):
	Equinox Rd			Other	
Astronomics Postmery				TBD	
		McCormack O		Off-Road	
20	Northw	McCo.	<i>F</i>	Trail Extension	
/ Road	Courthou	Rd		✓ New Trail	
	Se Dr	ed son Rd		Payed	

Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri

China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c)

0.05 0.1

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Other



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Pathway Corridor	Project		Project Description:	
Location: Gurney Lane			The Warren County Eco	nomic Development
Municipality: Town of Queensb	ury		Corporation (EDC), War Queensbury, and Nation	ren County, Town of
Project Phase: Pre-planning			study to evaluate future	transportation
Cost Estimate: N/A			conditions with growth, a transportation improvem	
Plan Sponsor: Warren County El	DC		approximate two and on	e-half mile length of
Jurisdiction: Warren County			US Route 9 in the Town Sweet Road north to NY	-
Other Partner(s): Town of Queensb	ury, NYSDOT		the Pathway Corridor. To provide an assessme	
Date of Plan: August 2019			benefits, and impacts of	different
Link to Plan: https://wcpathway.files.wordpress.co	om/2019/10/2019-10-22-pathway-co	rridor-final-report.pdf	transportation improvem evaluating alternatives the	
Right-of-Way Needed?	es No	ТВО	pedestrians and passen and safety.	ger vehicle operations
Approx. # of Parcels:	Approx. Acres.		As part of this effort, the	ala a salla fa afi
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	res No res No	TBD TBD	widening of Gurney Lan- bike accommodations w I-87 are rehabilitated.	
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	es No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
Site Location Map:			(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
Service Layer Cro	Gien Lake Rd Gien Lake Rd edits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, U		On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust	TAP Make the Connect OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list): NHPP, STP (bridge replacements)
Intermap, INCRE China (Hong Kon	MENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, E g), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC contributors, and the GIS User Com	sri , (c)	Other	



Project Name:	Queensbury/Bikeway Recreation C	Connections	Project Description:		
Location:	Glenwood Ave		A/GFTC has previously identified this		
Municipality:	Town of Queensbury		project on the Unified I Program, although the		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning		commenced in order to	accommodate	
Cost Estimate:	N/A		competing priorities. The has a fairly high volum		
Plan Sponsor:	AGFTC, Town of Queensbury		pedestrian activity, mu	ch of it generated by	
Jurisdiction:	Varies		Hovey Pond Park, the Bikeway, Crandall Park		
Other Partner(s):	Warren County		(at the Bay Road inters	section), and the	
Date of Plan:	N/A		commercial uses in the However, there is a lace	ū	
Link to Plan:	N/A		bicycle facilities on Gle	enwood Avenue, in	
Right-of-Way Nee		● TBD	addition to three busy in St, Quaker Rd, and Bardifficult to traverse on the state of the state	y Rd) which are	
Approx Utility Corridor? Wetland/Stream (Section 106/4(f) R		TBD TBD	The proposed study widentify potential bicyclimprovements.	ould evaluate and	
Located on Fed. A	id Network? Yes No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map	:		(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
COUNTRY CHIEF FOR	Lyon Ct S Marcy Ln S M		On-Road ✓ Intersection ✓ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ✓ Shoulder ✓ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD	TAP Make the Connect OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD ✓ Other (list): AGFTC UPWP	
Hovey Pond Park	Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NG OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Cc. 0 0.0475 0.095 0.19 0.285	, USGS, Esri CC, (c)	Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust		



1.4 Miles

0.7

0.175 0.35

ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

		_					
			pe Revitaliza	tion Plan	Project Description:		
Location:	NYS Route	418/River	Street		The River Street Streetscape		
Municipality:	Town of Warrensburg				Revitalization Plan is address issues with the		
Project Phase:	Pre-plannino	3			consistent pedestrian		
Cost Estimate:	\$865,000-\$4	1,100,000			facilities on River Stre		
Plan Sponsor:	A/GFTC, To	wn of Wa	rrensburg		Warrensburg. The pla improvements to the p		
Jurisdiction:	NYSDOT				infrastructure within th	ne hamlet area as	
Other Partner(s):	Town of Wa	rrensburg			well as bicycle improvemore rural section wh		
Date of Plan:	April 2015				hamlet to Thurman St		
Link to Plan:	https://agftc.org/wp-conter	nt/uploads/2017/10/F	inal-Warrensburg-River-Stre	et-Plan-04302015.pdf	Town has pursued im		
Right-of-Way Need	ed?	Yes	No	ТВД	improvements in the hefforts are required to	identify feasible	
Approx.	# of Parcels:		Approx. Acres.		bicycle improvements section of NYS Route		
Jtility Corridor?		Yes	No				
Wetland/Stream Cr	rossing?	Yes	No	TBD			
Section 106/4(f) Re	quired?	Yes	No	TBD			
ocated on Fed. Aid	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:					(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
River Rd	Ectro take gat	Cenielery Cocilid	yethe Warrensbu		On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
Intermap, INCREMENT	Sources: Esri, HERE, Garm P, NRCan, Esri Japan, ME i Korea, Esri (Thailand), N	TI, Esri	AldenAfe	j	Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust		

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Other



Slate Valley Rail Tra	il Feasibility S	Study	Project Description:	
Granville to Vermont			The communities of C	
Town of Granville			developed this feasib	
Concept Plan			trail system. The inter	
\$2.93M			system that links with	Vermont's and
Granville, Salem, Wa	ashington Cou	unty	1.	
NYS			opportunities.	·
Washington County			1 .	
2018			of the trail is located a	
https://washingtoncountyny.gov/DocumentCenter.	/View/9869/SVRT_FeasibilityStud	dy_FinalAdopted-6-14-18	Rail bed, with a short	-
ded? (•) Yes	No	TBD	avoid private property	
. # of Parcels: 1	Approx. Acres.	TBD	study also calls for im	
Yes	No		interpretive features a	
rossing? Yes	No	TBD		
equired? Yes	No	TBD		
d Network? Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
<u> </u>			(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
ORK		Lake Cathe State	☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☑ New Trail	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connect ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
	Granville to Vermont Town of Granville Concept Plan \$2.93M Granville, Salem, Wa NYS Washington County 2018 https://washingtoncountyny.gov/DocumentCenter ded? .# of Parcels: 1 Yes rossing? equired? d Network? Yes Yes	Granville to Vermont Town of Granville Concept Plan \$2.93M Granville, Salem, Washington County 2018 https://washingtoncountyny.gov/DocumentCenter/View/9869/SVRT_FeasibilitySture ded? Yes No rossing? Yes No d Network? Yes No od Network? Yes No od Network? Yes No od Network?	Town of Granville Concept Plan \$2.93M Granville, Salem, Washington County NYS Washington County 2018 https://washingtoncountyny.gov/DocumentCenter/view9999/SVRT_FeasibilityStudy_FinalAdopted-6-14-18 ded? Yes No TBD TBD TSD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD	Granville to Vermont Town of Granville Concept Plan \$2.93M Granville, Salem, Washington County NYS Washington County 2018 Interpretive features a service of the trail is located a Rail bed, with a short to the NYS Route 22/2 avoid private property study also calls for imexisting sections of trail interpretive features a service of the chall that apply): On-Road Project Type (Check all that apply): On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council Regional Bicycle Plan Priority Project

Project Name:	Slate Valley Rail Trail	Feasibility St	tudy	Project Description:	
Location:	Vermont to Salem			The communities of C	
Municipality:	Town of Salem		developed this feasibility study to explore the possibility of completing the D&H rail		
Project Phase:	Concept Plan			trail system. The inter	•
Cost Estimate:	\$1.5M			system that links with	Vermont's and
Plan Sponsor:	Granville, Salem, Was	shington Cou	nty	provides an increase and economic develo	
Jurisdiction:	NYS			opportunities.	
Other Partner(s):	Washington County			The Salem segment of terminates in the cent	
Date of Plan:	2018			Village, totaling appro	
Link to Plan:	https://washingtoncountyny.gov/DocumentCenter/Vid	ew/9869/SVRT_FeasibilityStudy	/_FinalAdopted-6-14-18	A/GFTC has also set	
Right-of-Way Need		No Approx. Acres.	TBD	funds for a potential s connections to the pro the former Village.	
Jtility Corridor? Wetland/Stream C	Yes	No No	ТВО		
Section 106/4(f) R	equired? Yes	ONo	● TBD		
ocated on Fed. Ai	id Network? Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
Site Location Map	:			(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):
	He or March			On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connecti ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
Sale	Intermap, INCREMENT P, China (Hong Kong), Esri k	urces: Esri, HERE, Garmin, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, E Gorea, Esri (Thailand), NGCo tors, and the GIS User Con 1.2 1.8	Esri C, (c)	Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ✓ New Trail ☐ Paved ✓ Stone Dust ☐ Other ☐ TBD	27



Project Name:	SOUTHERN PALMERTOWN CONSERVATION & RECREATION STRATEGY			Project Description:			
Location:	South of the	Hudson F	River, Town	of Moreau	The Southern Palmertown Range is an		
Municipality:	Town of Moreau				ecologically intact lands unfragmented, diverse		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning				wetlands. Furthermore	, the area is in close	
Cost Estimate:	N/A				proximity to growing po centers in Saratoga Sp		
Plan Sponsor:	Saratoga Pl	_AN, Open	Space Instit	tute	and Wilton.		
Jurisdiction:	Varies				This plan suggests step by local communities w		
Other Partner(s):	Town of Mo	reau			thoughtful, cooperative	planning and action	
Date of Plan:	October 201	8			that will result in retenti	• •	
Link to Plan:	https://space	es.hightail.c	om/space/B	4uMcHNibr	resources while simulta	aneously stimulating	
Right-of-Way Need	led?	Yes	No	() TBD	compatible economic d	levelopment	
	. # of Parcels:		approx. Acres.		The plan calls for a rec south side of the Hudso		
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		at the Sherman Island potentially linking acros	Boat Launch and	
Wetland/Stream C	rossing?	Yes	No	● TBD	Hudson Pointe in the T		
Section 106/4(f) Re	equired?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:	•				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
	and Crest Roy Politer Rd		Butler Rd	Readmond	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension Paved	✓ TAP Make the Connecti ✓ OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	

Other

TBD

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OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

0.7

0.175 0.35



Project Name: Village of Whitehall Revitalization Comprehensive	Plan Project Description :
Location: Champlain Canalway, Main Street	The Village of Whitehall Comprehensive Plan calls for the development of a
Municipality: Village of Whitehall	pedestrian bridge that crosses the railroad
Project Phase: Pre-planning	track and links Broadway and the waterfront to improve public waterfront access. Due to
Cost Estimate: N/A	the presence of the existing railroad tracks,
Plan Sponsor: Village of Whitehall	there is no direct access to the waterfront
Jurisdiction: Varies	from downtown. A pedestrian bridge would create a direct connection to the waterfront,
Other Partner(s): Champlain Canalway Trail Working Grou	
Date of Plan: 2019	downtown to easily access the unique, historic waterfront. Any new physical
Link to Plan: http://www.whitehallny.org/village/village-comprehensive	-plan/ connection to the waterfront should be
Right-of-Way Needed? Yes No Approx. # of Parcels: Approx. Acres.	implemented in tandem with new wayfinding signage. The plan also calls for the Village to facilitate the development of the Empire
Utility Corridor? Yes No No No No No No No No No N	State & Champlain Canal Trail, to run the Canalway through the Village's Canal Harbor Park and have its terminus at Champlain Canal Lock 12.
Section 106/4(f) Required? Yes No	BD Champiain Canal Lock 12.
ocated on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No	BD Project Type Potential Funding
Site Location Map:	(Check all that apply): (Check all that apply):
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community 0.0475 0.095 0.19 0.285 0.38 Mill Salunger St. Mountain St. Mountai	☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ Other ☐ Define Other ☐ Define Other ☐ Other

Stone Dust

29

Other



0.3

0.2

Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Warren County Bik	eway Improven	nents	Project Description:	
Location: Country Club Rd, F			Currently, the Warren	County Bikeway
Municipality: Town of Queensbu	ıry		alignment utilizes a po	ortion of Country
Project Phase: Pre-planning			Club Road (CR 66) at Road (CR 17). It has	
Cost Estimate: N/A			shoulders on Country	Club Road in
Plan Sponsor: Glens Falls Sustair	nability Committ	tee	particular are narrowed promote comfortable	
Jurisdiction: Warren County			all skill levels. The Gle	, ,
Other Partner(s):			Sustainability Commit	,
Date of Plan: N/A			of the importance of the City of Glens Falls an	
Link to Plan: N/A			communities, support	s the continued
Right-of-Way Needed? Ye	s No Approx. Acres.	● ТВD	improvement of this s Bikeway.	egment of the
Utility Corridor? Vetland/Stream Crossing? Section 106/4(f) Required? Ye	s No	○ TBD		
ocated on Fed. Aid Network?	s No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding
Round Pond Glens Council	Falls nitry		(Check all that apply): On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road	(Check all that apply): TAP Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c)	Wincrest Dr		Trail Extension New Trail Paved Stone Dust	

Other

TBD



ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Queensbury South BOA Pre-Nomination Stud	dy Project Description:
Location: Feeder Canal Trailhead	Located at the convergence of local and
Municipality: Town of Queensbury	regional transportation corridors, the Queensbury South
Project Phase: Concept Plan	Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA)
Cost Estimate: N/A	Pre-Nomination Study calls for a variety of preliminary recommendations. This includes
Plan Sponsor: Town of Queensbury, NYSDOS	improved access to an enhanced Feeder Canal Heritage Trail.
Jurisdiction: Town of Queensbury	Queensbury, Warren County, and the
Other Partner(s): Feeder Canal Alliance	surrounding region have a growing network of trails that continue to attract an increasing
Date of Plan: 2017	number of trail enthusiasts. Because the
Link to Plan: https://www.queensbury.net/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/Queensbury-South-BOA-PreNom-Study	regional trail systems, it is important to
Right-of-Way Needed?	recognize and fully leverage this asset. Amenities such as safe parking areas,
Approx. # of Parcels: 1 Approx. Acres.	pedestrian-scale lighting, improved signage, interpretive features or facilities, and other
Utility Corridor? Yes No	conveniences along trails will promote usage and improve safety. A concept plan for the
Wetland/Stream Crossing? Yes No TBD	site is anticipated to be completed in July
Section 106/4(f) Required? Yes No	2021.
Located on Fed. Aid Network? Yes No TBD	Project Type Potential Funding
Site Location Map:	(Check all that apply): (Check all that apply):
Romevard Romevard Property of the state of	On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ TAP ☐ Make the Connect ☐ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community 0 0.0325 0.065 0.13 0.195 0.26	☐ Trail Extension☐ New Trail☐ Paved☐ Stone Dust✓ Other



0.19

0.0475 0.095

0.285

0.38 Miles

Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Queensbury	/ South BO/	A Pre-Nomina	ation Study	Project Description:			
Location: Dix, Warrer	 າ, Boulevar	Located at the convergence of local and					
Municipality: Town of Qu	leensbury	regional transportation corridors, the					
Project Phase: Pre-plannin	ıg			Queensbury South Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA) Pre-Nomination			
Cost Estimate: N/A	-			Study calls for a varie	Study calls for a variety of preliminary		
Plan Sponsor: Town of Qu	eensbury,	NYSDOS		recommendations. The			
Jurisdiction: Town of Qu	ieensbury			streetscape and intersection improvements to improve the flow of			
Other Partner(s): Feeder Car	nal Alliance			traffic and provide for	safe bicycle and		
Date of Plan: 2017				pedestrian facilities.			
Link to Plan: https://www.queensbury.n	net/wp-content/uploads/20	017/01/Queensbury-South-E	BOA-PreNom-Study.pdf				
Right-of-Way Needed?	Yes	No	● TBD				
Approx. # of Parcels:	F	Approx. Acres.					
- Utility Corridor?	Yes	No					
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	Yes	No	TBD				
Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes	No					
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	ТВД	Project Type	Potential Funding		
Site Location Map:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):		
Section 20	LOWER WAY HAS SEED TO	Lynn Ave	Park Ave	On-Road ✓ Intersection ✓ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ✓ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail ☐ Paved	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connect OPHRP ✓ NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):		
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Ga Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, N				Stone Dust			

Other



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Chester Tow	nwide Re	creation Pla	n	Project Description:		
Location: NYS Route 8				The Chester Townwide Recreation Plan is		
Municipality: Town of Che	ster			an economic developm intended to develop a n		
Project Phase: Pre-planning				interconnected trails an		
Cost Estimate: ~\$550,000 (s	see descri	ption)		facilities. The recomme prioritized in terms of the		
Plan Sponsor: Town of Che	ster			level of interest to the c		
Jurisdiction: NYSDOT				following projects, located along NYS Route 8, are classified as "Medium Priority".		
Other Partner(s): AGFTC				- Develop bicycle conn	ection between	
Date of Plan: July 2015				Starbuckville and Brant increasing the width of		
Link to Plan: https://www.townofc	hesterny.org/ch	nester-townwide-red	reation-plan.html	appropriate and markin	g the road shoulders	
Right-of-Way Needed?	Yes	No	TBD	for bicycle use on both (Approx. cost \$350,000 - Develop bicycle conn))	
Approx. # of Parcels:	<i>H</i>	Approx. Acres		Riparius and Chesterto	wn. Increase the	
Utility Corridor?	Yes	No		shoulders where appro- road shoulders for bicyc		
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	Yes	No	TBD	\$200,000).	(4 p · · · · · · ·	
Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Ripari a	×	Chestertown		On-Road ☐ Intersection ☐ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ☐ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail ☐ Paved	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection OPHRP NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Garm Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, ME China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), N	TI, Esri			Stone Dust		

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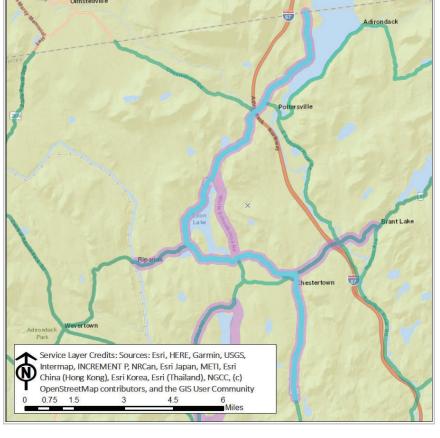
Other



ADIRONDACK/GLENS FALLS TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	: Chester Townwide Recreation Plan				Project Description:		
Location:	: NYS Route 9				The Chester Townwide Recreation Plan is		
Municipality:	Town of Ch	ester			an economic development initiative intended to develop a network of interconnected trails and recreational facilities. The recommended projects are prioritized in terms of their readiness and level of interest to the community. The following projects, located along NYS Rout 9, are classified as "Medium Priority".		
Project Phase:	Pre-plannin	g					
Cost Estimate:	~\$45,000 (see descri	iption)				
Plan Sponsor:	Town of Ch	ester					
Jurisdiction:	NYSDOT						
Other Partner(s):	AGFTC			Mark the road shoulders for bicycle use on both sides of Route 9 from the Town of Warrensburg north to the Town of Schroor			
Date of Plan:	July 2015						
Link to Plan:	https://www.towno	fchesterny.org/	chester-townwide-rec	reation-plan.html	(Approx. \$20,000)		
Right-of-Way Need	led?	Yes	No	ТВД	 Develop an access methat would seek to redu 	ice access points	
Approx.	. # of Parcels:		Approx. Acres.		and curb cuts to create path for vehicles and in		
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No		pedestrians and cyclists - Improve intersection	, , ,	
Wetland/Stream C	rossing?	Yes	No	TBD	Drive/Theriot Avenue. (
Section 106/4(f) Re	equired?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid	d Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:	•				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply)	
Olmstedvill e	A FORMAT TO THE		21 10 000	y	On-Road		



- **✓** Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance
- Pave. Preservation
- Shoulder
- Bike Lane Other
- TBD

Off-Road

- **Trail Extension**
- New Trail Paved
- Stone Dust

TBD

Other

\checkmark	TAP
\checkmark	Make the Connectio
	OPHRP

NYSERDA

	TBD
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Other	(list):
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Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name:	Chester Tov	wnwide Re	creation Pla	n	Project Description:		
Location:	Friends Lake Bike-Hike Loop				The Chester Townwide Recreation Plan		
Municipality:	Town of Ch	ester	·		is an economic development initiative		
Project Phase:	Pre-planning	g			intended to develop a interconnected trails		
Cost Estimate:	\$100,000				facilities. The recomn		
Plan Sponsor:	Town of Ch	ester			are prioritized in term		
Jurisdiction:	Town of Ch	ester, War	ren County		and level of interest to The following project		
Other Partner(s):	Warren Cou	ınty			"Medium Priority".	diama fam	
Date of Plan:	July 2015	-			 Improve road condinition hiking-biking loop aro 		
Link to Plan:	https://www.townot	fchesterny.org/ch	nester-townwide-re	creation-plan.html	Study right-of-way, ea	asements and other	
Right-of-Way Need	ded? c. # of Parcels:	Yes	No Approx. Acres.	ТВД	access options to wid Mark the road should bicycle-pedestrian us	ers for	
Utility Corridor?		Yes	No				
Wetland/Stream (Crossing?	Yes	No	() TBD			
Section 106/4(f) R		Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. A		Yes	ONo	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map) :				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Intermap, INCREMEN China (Hong Kong), Es	Sources: Esri, HERE, Garm T P, NRCan, Esri Japan, ME ri Korea, Esri (Thailand), N ributors, and the GIS User 1 1.5	ETI, Esri NGCC, (c)	Friends Lake		On-Road ✓ Intersection ✓ Corridor ☐ Bridge ☐ Maintenance ☐ Pave. Preservation ✓ Shoulder ☐ Bike Lane ☐ Other ☐ TBD Off-Road ☐ Trail Extension ☐ New Trail	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connecti ☐ OPHRP ✓ NYSDOS ☐ NYSERDA ☐ TBD ☐ Other (list):	

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Stone Dust

Other



Adirondack/Glens Falls Transportation Council

REGIONAL BICYCLE PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT

Project Name: Chester To	wnwide Re	creation Pla	n	Project Description:		
Location: Loon Lake	Bike-Hike L	_oop	The Chester Townwide Recreation Plan			
Municipality: Town of Ch	nester	is an economic development initiative				
Project Phase: Pre-plannir	ng			intended to develop a network of interconnected trails and recreational		
Cost Estimate: \$100,000				facilities. The recomn	nended projects	
Plan Sponsor: Town of Ch	nester			are prioritized in term		
Jurisdiction: Town of Ch	nester, Warı	ren County		and level of interest to the community. The following project is classified as		
Other Partner(s): Warren Co	unty, NYSD	OT		"Medium Priority".	itiana far	
Date of Plan: July 2015				- Improve road condi hiking-biking loop are		
Link to Plan: https://www.town	ofchesterny.org/ch	nester-townwide-red	creation-plan.html	Study right-of-way, ea	asements and other	
Right-of-Way Needed? Approx. # of Parcels:	Yes	No Approx. Acres.	ТВД	access options to wic Mark the road should bicycle-pedestrian us	ers for	
Utility Corridor?	Yes	No				
Wetland/Stream Crossing?	Yes	No	(TBD			
Section 106/4(f) Required?	Yes	No	TBD			
Located on Fed. Aid Network?	Yes	No	TBD	Project Type	Potential Funding	
Site Location Map:				(Check all that apply):	(Check all that apply):	
Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, Gar Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, N China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS Use 0 0.2 0.4 0.8 1.2	METI, Esri NGCC, (c)	White School out a Rd	Sen Culver Rd	On-Road Intersection Corridor Bridge Maintenance Pave. Preservation Shoulder Bike Lane Other TBD Off-Road Trail Extension New Trail	✓ TAP ✓ Make the Connection OPHRP ✓ NYSDOS NYSERDA TBD Other (list):	

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Stone Dust

Other